HIGH-LEVEL GRAPHICS CONTROLLER FOR HD61202 (KS0108B) - DISPLAYS





PLCC44J

FEATURES

- * FOR LC GRAPHICS DISPLAYS 128x64 WITH HD 61202 OR COMPATIBLE
- * NO TIMING PROBLEMS WITH FAST BUS SYSTEMS
- * EASY PROGRAMMING OF VARIOUS BUILT IN GRAPH FUNCTIONS:
- * STRAIGHT LINE, DOT, AREA, AND/OR/EXOR, BAR GRAPH, PATTERNS ...
- * 3 DIFFERENT FONTS BUILT IN
- * ZOOM FUNCTION FOR ALL FONTS (2-, 3- AND 4-TIMES)
- * 4-16 FREE DEFINEABLE CHARACTERS (DEPENDING ON SIZE)
- * MIXING TEXT AND GRAPHICS
- * INPUT ON RS-232 WITH ±10V/ CMOS-LEVEL
- * DIRECT ACCESS TO MAX232 OR EQUIVALENT
- * PROGRAMMABLE BAUD RATES FROM 300 UP TO 115,200 BAUD
- * ONLY MAX. 4 EXTERNAL COMPONENTS REQUIRED
- * 8 DIGITAL I/O'S FREE AVAILABLE FOR CUSTOM DESIGNS
- * 5V / typ. 12mA RATED INPUT (AT 11,059 MHz)
- * POWER-SAVE FUNCTION: CONSUMPTION max. 100µA @ 5V
- * HARDWARE CODES UP TO 4 ADRESSES

OPTIONS (IN PROGRESS)

- * VERSION FOR VERTICAL DISPLAY MOUNTING (90° ROTATED)
- * 40-PIN DIL PACKAGE VERSION

ORDER DESIGNATION

HIGH-LEVEL GRAPH CONTROLLER 128x64 FOR HD61202EA IC202-PGHSUITABLE GRAPHICS DISPLAY INCL. HD61202, 128x64EA P128-6N3LEDCERAMIC RESONATOR SMD 7,37MHz, 3 PINS INCL. CAPsEA KERS7M37-CGRAPHICS MODULE WITH IC202-PGH AND RS-232CEA GE128-6N3V24

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ELECTRONIC ASSEMBLY

GENERAL

The EA IC202 high-level Graphics Controller links your system processor to your graphic display. Inputs accepts a serial asynchronous RS-232 interface. The graphics controller includes complete graph routines and various character sizes.

Programming is made by high level language graph commands; time consuming programming of character sets and graph routines is not necessary anymore. Expenditure for developing of your product is reduced significant and several features are gained on top of it:

- no timing problems with fast processor bus
- enough memory space (operating memory and characterset memory especially for µC)
- no time consuming graphic calculations which would slow down processor speed

Connecting to hardware is very simple. Display and main processor are connected directly. Drivers, decoders or port modules are not required. A simple display input need 1 wire (RxD) only. 2 up to maximal 4 external components will complete the circuit: a quartz with 2 capacitors and a reset-capacitor. **No external components** are needed when you operate with 8051-compatible systems. Clock and reset signal can be taken from main processor.

HARDWARE

Supply voltage of system is +5 Volts. Data transfer is asynchronous serial in RS-232 format at CMOS level. Data format is set to 8 data bits, 1 stop bit and no parity. Baud rate can be selected on 3 pins from 150 Baud up to 115200 Baud. Handshake lines RTS and CTS on board too. There is no interpretation needed for small quantities of datas.

Data format:	Startbit	D0	D1	D2	D3	D4	D5	D6	D7	Stopbit
--------------	----------	-----------	-----------	-----------	-----------	-----------	-----------	-----------	-----------	---------

Additional 8 I/O-ports are available for free usage. This may be wired as inputs or outputs on individual desire. Possible application is switching of backpanel illumination or reading of several keys.

SOFTWARE

Programming of this High-Level graphics controller is performed by commands like i.e. "draw a rectangular box from (0,0) to (64,15) which origins in top left hand corner of display". Therefore the serial interface has to transmit this sequence of bytes: \$52 \$00 \$00 \$40 \$0F. Characters string can be placed <u>precisely to the pixel</u>. Mixing of graphic images with text elements is possible anytime. Three different character sets are available where each of them can be zoomed by factors 2-, 3- or 4-times. The biggest character set 16x8 allows when using 4-x zoom (=64x32) a totally filled display with letters and numbers.

TEST MODE

As long as pin 9 (RTS) is after Power-On or after Reset connected with GND, the graphics controller

is in test mode. Display shows now a marked flashing box. When connection Pin 9 (RTS) to GND is removed, the graphics controller returns to normal operation mode but testbox still remains visible.



ELECTRONIC ASSEMBLY

TECHNICAL DESCRIPTION

Symbol	Parameter	Valid for	Condition	Min	Max	Unite
Symbol	Falametei		Condition		IVIAN	Units
VDD	Power Supply	VDD	11,059 MHz	4	6	V
ICC	Power Supply Current	VDD, Controller is busy	11,059 MHz		25	mA
ICC	Power Supply Current	VDD, Controller is ready	11,059 MHz		6.5	mA
	Power Supply Current		VDD=6V		100	μA
ICPS	Power-Save-Mode	VDD	VDD=3V		40	μA
VIL	Input Low Voltage	RESET, I/O07, Baud02, Adr01, RxD, CTS		-0.5	0.2*VDD-0.1	V
VIH	Input High Voltage	I/O07, Baud02, Adr01, RxD, CTS		0.2*VDD+	VDD+0.5	V
VIHR	Input High Voltage Reset	RESET		0.7*VDD	VDD+0.5	V
VOL	Output Low Voltage	I/O07	IOL=3.2mA		0.45V	V
IIL	Logical 0 Input Current	Baud02, Adr01, RxD, CTS	VIN=0.45V		-50	μA
ITL	Logical 1 to 0 Transition Current	Baud02, Adr01, RxD, CTS	VIN=2V		-650	μA
ILI	Input Leakage Current	I/O07	0.45 <vin<vd< td=""><td></td><td>±10</td><td>μA</td></vin<vd<>		±10	μA
CIO	Pin Capacitance	RESET, I/O07, Baud02, Adr01, RxD, CTS	1 MHz, 25°C		10	pF
IOL	Output Low Current	I/O07	per line		10	mA
IOP	Output Low Current	I/O	port		26	mA
TRSTH	RESET Pulse Width	RESET		10		ms
RRST	RESET Pull Down Resistor	RESET		50	300	kOhm
ТОР	Operating Temperature			0	+70	°C
FOSC	Oscillator Frequency	XTAL1, XTAL2		0	20	MHz

Datas are valid for $T_a = 0..+70^{\circ}C$ and $VDD = 5,0V \pm 20\%$ if not noted otherwise.

POWER-SAVE FUNCTION

Power-Save function allows use in battery powered devices. Command "Q \$01" puts the High-Level-Graphics-Controller from normal operation into save mode. Current power consumption (without display) is reduced to about 100µA. Because display is connected to supply voltage, still some mA current are drawn depending on type of display. Total content of display, i.e. all by your own created characters and bargraphdefinitions remain preserved. In Power-

Default settings											
Register	Comman	after Power-On	after Power-Save-Mo								
Display Control	С	Display on	Display off								
Text-Mode	Т	right, set, black	right, set, black								
Graphics Mode	V	set	set								
Font	F	6x8	6x8								
Font Faktor width/height	F	1/1	1/1								
Last xy	W	(0;0)	(0;0)								
Self-defined character	E	undefined	as defined								
Bar Graph 18	В	undefined	as defined								
High-Level Graphics controller	К	selected	selected								
Inputs/Outputs I/O07	Y	H-Level	H-Level								

Save-mode no commands will be accepted and executed (RTS at H-level).

Command "Q \$02" sets controller and a transistor driven display (see application example on page 5) to Power-Save Mode. Note that content of display gets lost but all by your own created characters and bargraph-definitions remain preserved. Also this mode will not accept and execute commands (RTS at H-level).

An at least 10ms wide reset puls (H-level) turns the graph controller back to normal operation. The internal registers are resetted as listed in above table.

ELECTRONIC ASSEMBLY

PINNING

	Pin Description											
Pin	Symbol	In / Out	Level	Description								
1	NC			do not connect								
2,3,4	BAUD02	In	lo	Baud Rates								
5,6	ADR0, ADR1	In	lo	Adressing								
7	LCDON	Out	hi	lo: Power-Save-Mode, hi: Controller/LCD on								
8	QTYP	In	lo	Crystal type, see Baud Rates								
9	RTS	Out	lo	lo: RS-232 Data receive enable; hi: RS-232 Data receive disable								
10	RESET	In	hi	Default controller settings								
11	RxD	In	lo	RS-232 Receive								
12	NC			do not connect								
13	TxD	Out	lo	RS-232 Transmit								
14	стѕ	In	lo	lo: RS-232 Data transmit enable; hi: RS-232 Data transmit disable								
15,16	CS2, CS1	Out	hi	Display: left (CS1) or right (CS2) half of display								
17	D/I	Out		Display: hi: Data; lo: Command								
18	R/W	Out		Display: hi: Data/Command read; lo: Data/Command write								
19	E	Out	hi	Display: Enable								
20	XTAL2	Out		System clock								
21	XTAL1	In		System clock (external input)								
22	GND	GND	lo	Power supply 0V								
23	NC			do not connect								
24,25,26,27, 28,29,30,31	D07	I/O		Display: Data lines								
32,33,34	NC			do not connect								
35	VDD	VDD	hi	Power supply +5V								
36,37,38,39, 40,41,42,43	IO70	I/O		8 Inputs/Outputs								
44	VDD	VDD	hi	Power supply +5V								

DIGITAL IN-/ OUTPUTS IO 0..7

8 pins of this High-Level Graphics Controller may be used as free available programmable In- and Outputs. Also mixed operation of i.e. 3 Outputs and 5 Inputs is possible.

Output circuit

Command "Y n1 n2"¹) sets any selected pin IO 0..7 to H- or L-level; it can be compared with an Open-Drain output without pull-up resistor. Current



flows only when L-level is applied. A single pin may be loaded with max. 10mA, all pins together may be loaded with 26mA in all, i.e. 2 pins @ 10mA plus 1pin @ 6mA. Its possible i.e. to connect and switch a LED



directly. Higher current can be provided by an external transistor circuit. Note that after Power-On resp. in Power-Save-mode all outputs will be at H-level.

Input circuit



Input pins accept voltage levels between -0,5V and +0,2V*VDD-0,1V. Leakage current is max. $\pm 10\mu$ A. Trigger levels are listed in table of technical description on page 3. Command "X n1"¹) allows read in of datas on each individual pin IO 0..7. Voltage level must be stable all over read in procedure. There is no built in debounce function.



¹⁾Command descriptions you will find on page 13.

ELECTRONIC ASSEMBLY

APPLICATION EXAMPLES



APPLICATION HINTS

In order to ensure trouble free operation, you should be aware of basic construction rules in digital electronic applications already during development of circuit routing:

- Watch for straight ground routing in your layout (no ground loops)
- Supply voltage distribution is best performed star shaped by widend conductor tracks, preferably by multilayer boards with seperate power supply layers.
- Components resp. cuircits with high or variable current consumption need seperate supply cables. Remaining cuircuits must be decoupled and filtered on demand. Also LED-illumination of display should be supplied seperate.
- Use blocking capacitors at all active components.
- Keep tracks carrying high frequency signals resp. high rising slopes as short as possible (XTAL1 and XTAL2 !)



ELECTRONIC ASSEMBLY

OVERVIEW OF ALL GRAPHIC FUNCTIONS

Our High-Level Graphics Controller can be programmend by a number of built in commands. Each command starts with a command letter followed by a number of parameters.

Command table EA IC202												
Command							Ren	narks	5			
					Fun	ctior	ns for	outp	outtin	g te	xt	
Text mode	Т	R L O U	n1	ptn			R/L/C (down 3=in\)/U: W n); n1: /erse;	/rite cł : overl 4=rep	harac lay co blace;	ter string (R)ight, (L)eft, (O)ben (up), (U)nten ombination mode for text output 1=set; 2=delete; 5=inverse replace; ptn: use pattern no. 07;	
Set font	F	n1	n2	n3			Set fo n2+n	ont no. 3=zoc	. n1; n om fac	1=1: tor (1	4x6 font; n1=2:6x8 font; n2=3:8x16 font 4); n2=X factor; n3=Y factor;	
Set ASCII characters	А	x1	y1	n1			The o	charac	ter n1	will	be set at coordinate x1,y1. (Reference top left)	
Set character string	Ζ	x1	y1		NUL		Outp	ut cha	racter	strin	g () to x1,y1; character ´NUL´ (\$00)=end	
Define character	Е	n1		dat	a		n1=c	haract	er no.	; data	a =number of bytes dep. on current font	
			(Grap	hics	com	mano	ds wi	th ov	verla	y mode	
Graphics mode	V	n1		<u> </u>			n1: 1	=set; 2	2=dele	ete; 3	=inverse; 4=replace; 5=inverse replace;	
Set point	Ρ	x1	y1				Set o	one pix	cel at o	coord	linates x1, y1	
Draw straight line	G	x1	y1	x2	y2		Draw	/ straig	jht line	e fron	n x1,y1 to x2,y2	
Continue straight line	W	x1	y1				Draw	ı a stra	aight li	ine fro	om last end point to x1, y1	
Draw rectangle	R	x1	y1	x2	y2		Draw	i a rec	tangle	e; x1,	y1,x2,y2 = opposite corner points	
Draw round corner	Ν	x1	y1	x2	y2		Draw	a rec	tangle	e with	round corners; x1,y1,x2,y2 = corner points	
Area with fill pattern	Μ	x1	y1	x2	y2	ptn	Draw	ı area	with p	atter	n ptn (07); x1,y1,x2,y2 = corner points	
					Otł	ner g	jraphi	ics co	omm	ands	5	
Delete display	D	L					Delet	te enti	re cor	ntents	s of display (set to white);	
Invert display	D						Inver	t entire	e cont	ents	of display;	
Fill display	D	S					Fill ei	ntire c	onten	ts of	display; (set to black);	
Delete area	L	x1	y1	x2	y2		Delet	te an a	area; >	<1,y1	x2,y2 = opposite corner points	
Invert area	I	x1	y1	x2	y2	Γ	Inver	t an ai	rea; x′	1,y1,>	x2,y2 = opposite corner points	
Fill area	S	x1	y1	x2	y2		Fill a	n area	ı; x1,y	1,x2,	y2 = opposite corner points	
Draw box	0	x1	y1	x2	y2	ptn	Draw	a rec	tangle	e with	fill pattern ptn (07); (always replace)	
Draw round box	J	x1	y1	x2	y2	ptn	Draw	/ a rou	nd co	rner v	with fill pattern ptn (07); (always replace)	
Draw bar graph	В	nr	valu				Set th	he bar	graph	n with	the 'nr' (18) to the new user 'value'	
Upload picture area	U	x1	y1		data .		Load	a pict	ure ar	rea to	x1,y1; see picture structure for picture data	
	<u> </u>				Cont	rol /	defin	ition	com	man	ds	
Define bar graph	в	R L O U	nr	x1	y1	x2	y2	aw	ew	ptn	Define bar graph to L(eft), R(ight), O(up), U(down) with the 'nr' (18). x1,y1,x2,y2 form the rectangle enclosing the bar graph. aw, ew are the values for 0% and 100%. ptn=pattern (07).	
Display control	С	n1					n1=0	: displ	ay off	(enti	re contents unchanged) n1=1: display on	
Select / Deselect		S		Γ	_	_	Activ	ate dis	splay	with a	address n1 (n1=03; n1=255: all)	
graphics lcd	ĸ	D	111				Dead	ctivate	displa	ay wit	h address n1 (n1=03; n1=255: all)	
Power Save Mode	Q	n1					n1=1 n1=2	: Powe	er Sav er Sav	ve for ve for	r controller; RTS->high r controller and display; RTS->high, LCDON->low	
Write I/O port	Y	n1	n2				n1=0 I/O p	7: res orts in	set I/C acco) port rdanc	n1 (n2=0); set (n2=1); invert (n2=2) n1=8: Set all 8 ce with n2 (=8 bit binary value)	
						Se	nd co	omma	ands			
Hard copy	н	x1	y1	x2	y2		An ai first c	rea is of all, f	reque ollowe	sted ed by	as a picture. The width and height are sent in pixels the actual picture data, via RS232.	
Read I/O port	х	n1					n1=0 I/O p	7: loa orts I/(ad I/O 20I/C	port D7 as	<n1> (1=H level=5V, 0=L level=0V) n1=8: load all 8 8-bit binary value</n1>	
Query display type	?						This 128	comm 64 V (and is 128x6	s useo 64 do	d to query the display type. 3 bytes are sent back: ts, vertical picture)	

ELECTRONIC ASSEMBLY

PARAMETERS

All commands with parameters, coordinates and other hand over datas are expected as of Bytes. No seperating characters are allowed, i.e. no space bars, no commas. End of command **does not need a final Byte** i.e. no Carrige Return.

AZ, L/R/O/U	All commands are transmitted as ASCII code. <u>Example:</u> $G = 71$ (dec.) = \$47 initiates the straight line drawing command.
x1, x2, y1, y2	Coordinates are transmitted with one Byte; applicable values are 0127 for x- resp. 063 for y- coordinates. <u>Example:</u> $x1=10$ (dec.) = \$0A
n1,n2,nr,aw,ew,value,ptn,data	Parameters with numbers are transmitted with one Byte. Example: $n1= 15$ (dec.) = $0F$

EXAMPLE OF PROGRAMMING

The following table shows an example in wich the character string "Test" is output at coordinates 7,3.

Example				Co	des			
ASCII	Z	BEL	ETX	Т	е	S	t	NUL
Hex	\$5A	\$07	\$03	\$54	\$65	\$73	\$74	\$00
Decimal	90	7	3	84	101	115	116	0
Turbo-Pascal	write(a	ux, 'Z', d	chr(7), cl	hr(3), 'Te	est', chr	(0));		
Ϋ́C,	fprintf(stdaux,	"%c%c%	%c%s%c	;", 'Z', 7,	3, "Test	t", 0);	
Q-Basic	OPEN PRINT	"COM1 #1,"Z"+	:1200,N, CHR\$(7	8,2,BIN)+CHR\$	" FOR R 5(3)+"Te	ANDON st"+CHF	1 AS #1 R\$(0)	

PATTERN

Several commands allow pattern type parameters (ptn = 0..7). They are used e.g. for rectangular areas, bargraphs or text lines with various pattern.

The following fill patterns are available:



ELECTRONIC ASSEMBLY

DESCRIPTION OF VARIOUS GRAPHICS FUNCTIONS

The following pages show detailed descriptions in alphabetical order for each individual function. Examples are shown as hardcopy in an enlarged window of 50 x 32 pixel once the command has been executed. Examples show all transferred bytes in Hex code.

A x1 y1 n1

A character **n1** will be displayed on coordinates **x1,y1** with preset font 'F' and text mode 'T' (setzen / löschen / invertieren / replace / invers replace / pattern). Origin is (0,0) at top left hand corner of display. Datas for coordinates apply also to top left hand corner of a given character. Note: Font No.1 shows capital letters only.

Example: \$41 \$13 \$02 \$45

Character 'E' is displayed at coordinates 19,2

Preset font: 6x8, width 2x and height 2x

Text mode: Replace and black pattern

B L/R/O/U nr x1 y1 x2 y2 aw ew ptn

Up to 8 bargraphs (**nr**=1..8) can be defined, which may oscillate to **L**=left, **R**=right, **O**=up or **U**=down direction. Bargraph full level range coordinates are described from **x1,y1** to **x2,y2**. Scaling of bargraph is performed by starting zero position **aw** (=0..254) and max. ending position (full size) **ew** (=0..254). Bargraph always is displayed in inverse-mode using the **ptn**-pattern type: the background remains preserved in any case. (Note: executing this command only the bargraph range is defined but nothing is visible on display).

Example: \$42 \$4F \$01 \$04 \$02 \$09 \$1E \$04 \$14 \$01

Defines bargraph no. 1 which oscillates vertical up to top. At full level its coordinates ranges from 4,2 to 9,30. Displayed start- and end values represent current values of 4..20 mA. (Hardcopy shows bargraph at its full level operating at \$42 \$01 \$14)

B nr value

Bargraph number **n1** (1..8) will be adjusted to a new value (aw <= **value** <= ew).

If **value** > ew, than final value will be displayed. Bargraph must be defined before, see above example.

Example: \$42 \$01 \$0A

Above defined bargraph no. 1 is set now to value 10.

C n1

Switches display On (**n1**=1) or Off (**n1**=0); all display datas remains preserved and commands can be executed furthermore.

Example: \$43 \$00

Content of display becomes invisible, but remains preserved.

Define Bargraph



Draw Bargraph

Display Control



Set ASCII-Characters

ELECTRONIC ASSEMBLY

D L/I/S

Total content of display will be: L=deleted (white), I=inverted or S=filled (black)

Example: \$44 \$49

inverts total content of display

E n1 daten

Up to 16 characters can be defined by yourself (depending on font size). This characters have ASCII codes from 1 to max.16 and remain stored in an internal 64 Byte RAM-area until the supply voltage is switched off. Up to 16 characters can be defined with font no.1, up to 10 characters with font no.2 and up to 4 characters with the biggest font, no.3. Attention! If several characters out of different fonts should be defined, than you have to consider that i.e. one character from 8x16 font, code 1 needs the same RAM-space as a character from 4x6 font, code 1 to 4 (see table nearby) !

Bit 1 Bit 2

Bit 6

Rit 7

Example 1:

\$45 \$03

\$04 \$02 \$7F \$02 \$04 \$00

defines a up pointing arrow with ASCII-No. 3 and with a preset 6x8 character set.

Example 2:

\$45 \$02

\$00 \$00 \$00 \$FF \$00 \$00 \$00 \$00

\$04 \$08 \$10 \$3F \$10 \$08 \$04 \$00

defines a down pointing arrow with ASCII-No. 2 and with a preset 8x16 character set.

				B١	/TE	N	R.		
		1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
	_								
Bit 0									
Bit 1									
Bit 2									
Bit 3									
Bit 4									
Bit 5									
Bit 6									
Bit 7									
Bit 0									
Bit 1									
Bit 2									
Bit 3									
Bit 4									
Bit 5									
Bit 6									
Bit 7									

9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16

Ŀ

.....

b==

.....

.....

H.....

Set Font

F n1 n2 n3

Font No. **n1** (1=4x6 capital letters only; 2=6x8; 3=8x16) is choosed. Different zoom factors (1..4x) for width **n2** and for height **n3** are selected.

Example: \$46 \$02 \$03 \$04

6x8- font is now set to 3-times width and to 4-times height.

Beside hardcopy shows letter 'E' from font 6x8 in different sizes.

G x1 y1 x2 y2

Straight line is drawn from coordinates **x1,y1** to **x2,y2** taking into account the preset graph mode 'V' (set / clear / invert).

Example: \$47 \$03 \$14 \$28 \$06

Draws a straight line from 3,20 to 50,6.

Draw straight line



Display Command

Define Character

EAIC202

Н x1 y1 x2 y2

Range from top left hand corner x1,y1 to right hand bottom corner x2,y2 is requested. Graphic chip transmits first width and height of requested display-section and afterwards the datas of display-content. See command Uplouad picture 'U' for building up display datas.

Example: \$48 \$00 \$00 \$1F \$0F

top left hand section of display-content (size 32 x 16 pixel) will be sent via RS-232 immediately.

L x1 y1 x2 y2

The area from top left hand corner x1,y1 to right hand bottom corner x2,y2 will be inverted (black pixel turns to white and reversed).

Example: \$49 \$00 \$00 \$17 \$1B

inverts display-content of example "Set Font" in area from 0.0 to 23,27.

J x1 y1 x2 y2 ptn

A rectangular box with rounded corners is drawn from top left hand corner x1,y1 to right hand bottom corner **x2,y2** and filled with pattern **ptn** and delete background. See also Draw 'N' rounded corner boxes on next page.

Example: \$4A \$07 \$03 \$23 \$16 \$03

draws a rounded corner box from 7,3 to 35,22 filled with pattern 3=50% black.

S/D n1 Κ

Select / Deselect Graphics Controller

S=select or D=deselect Graphics Controller with its hardware adress n1 (0..3); adress 255=\$FF is the masteradress for access all Graphics Controller. Adress setting is done by hardware (pin ADR0/1 see page 16).

Example: \$4B \$44 \$00

all commands for Graphics Controller with adress \$00 will be ignored from now on.

L x1 y1 x2 y2

Area from top left hand corner x1,y1 up to bottom right hand corner x2,y2 will be cleared.

Example:

\$44 \$53 \$4C \$06 \$04 \$28 \$19

Display is filled first with 'D', 'S' followed by clearing the area from 6,4 to 40,25.

Μ x1 y1 x2 y2 ptn

A rectangular area starting from top left hand corner x1,y1 up to bottom right hand corner x2,y2 is filled with pattern ptn honoring the preset graphics mode 'V' (set / delete / inverse / replace / inverse replace).

Example: \$4D \$05 \$01 \$2D \$1A \$07

draws a cross hatch pattern 7=45° from 5,1 to 45,26.

Area with fill pattern

Invert area



ELECTRONIC ASSEMBLY

Get Hardcopy from Display contents









ELECTRONIC ASSEMBLY

N x1 y1 x2 y2

Draw a rectangle with rounded corners from top left hand corner **x1,y1** up to bottom right hand corner **x2,y2** honoring preset graphic mode 'V' (set / delete / inverse). Content of box remains unchanged. Compare drawing rectangle with rounded corners 'J'.

Example: \$4E \$06 \$02 \$26 \$13

draws a box with rounded corners from coordinates 6,2 up to coordinates 38,19.

O x1 y1 x2 y2 ptn

A rectangular box is drawn from top left hand corner x1,y1 up to bottom right hand corner x2,y2 filled with pattern **ptn.** Background of box will be cleared. Consult also 'R' = draw rectangular box.

Example: \$4F \$02 \$05 \$12 \$1E \$02 draws a box from coordinates 2,5 up to coordinates 18,30 with pattern 2= 25% black.

P x1 y1

A single Pixel will be placed at coordinates x1, y1 honoring preset graphic mode 'V' (set / delete / inverse).

Example: \$50 \$0D \$11places a single Pixel at coordinates 17,13.

Draw round corner

EAIC202



Draw Box



Set Point

Q n1

Example: \$51 \$01

switches our High-Level Graphic Controller into Power-Save-Mode. Handshake line RTS shows H-level which means that no more commands will be accepted. Supply voltage may be reduced now down to 2 Volts. Applying a wide pulse of >10 msec onto reset pin will awake the controller. Contents of registers remains unchanged, see table on page 3.

n1: 1, High-Level Graphic Controller in Power-Save-Mode (Pin LCDON remains on VDD-level: Display is ON) n1: 2, High-Level Graphic Controller with Display are in Power-Save-Mode (Pin LCDON at GND-level: Display is OFF).

R x1 y1 x2 y2

A rectangle box is drawn from top left hand corner **x1,y1** up to right hand bottom corner **x2,y2** honoring the preset graphic mode 'V' (set / delete / inverse). Contents of rectangular box remains unchanged.

Compare 'O' = draw rectangular box with rounded corners.

Example: \$52 \$15 \$08 \$30 \$25 draws a rectangle from coordinates 21,8 up to coordinates 48,37.

S x1 y1 x2 y2

An area from top left hand corner **x1,y1** up to right hand bottom corner **x2,y2** will be filled with black pixels.

Example: \$53 \$09 \$05 \$16 \$16 fills an area from coordinates 9,5 to coordinates 22,22 with black pixels.

Draw rectangle

Power Save Mode



Fill area





ELECTRONIC ASSEMBLY Set Text Mode

т L/R/O/U n1 ptn

Overlay combinaton mode **n1** and pattern **ptn** sets ASCII-characters 'A' in text mode and displays a character string when setting to 'Z'. For display a character string (command 'Z') the typing-direction must be set by: L=left, R=right, O=up and U=down.

\$54 \$52 \$03 \$03 Example:

Initiates the overlay mode for text functions with gray characters (pattern 3 = 50% black), inverts the background and writes character string from left to right.

Overlay combinaton mode n1:

1 = set: black Pixel without regarding previous value (OR)

- 2 = delete: white Pixel without regarding previous parameter
- 3 = invert: black Pixel turns to white Pixel and vice versa (EXOR)
- 4 = replace: clear background and set black colored Pixel
- 5 = invers replace: fill background and place white colored Pixel

U x1 data **y1**

An image will be loaded at coordinates x1,y1

- daten: 1 Byte for width of image Pixels
 - 1 Byte for height of image Pixels
 - Image datas: Qty = ((height+7) / 8) * width Bytes. 1 Byte equals 8 vertical Pixel on screen;
 - 0=white, 1=black; LSB: top, MSB: bottom;
 - Image builts up from left hand to right hand.

The program BMP2BLV.EXE on disk EA DISKIC-1, wich is available as an accesory, generates from a monochrome Windows-Bitmap- Graphic the datas for our Image inclusive width- and height information.

\$55 \$09 \$04 \$0C \$0C Example: \$F0 \$FC \$FE \$FF \$F7 \$BF \$BF \$F7 \$FE \$FE \$FC \$F0 \$00 \$03 \$07 \$06 \$0D \$0D \$0D \$0D \$06 \$07 \$03 \$00

loads beside shown image at coordinates 9,4.

V **n1**

Set overlay combinaton mode n1 i.e. for following graph-functions: set dot 'P', draw straight line 'G', continue drawing straight line 'W', draw rectangular box with rounded corners 'N', fill area 'R', draw box with pattern 'M'.

\$56 \$03 Example:

sets overlay mode to inverse.

Beside example illustrates drawing of a rectangular box in overlay modes set, clear and invert.

Overlay combinaton mode n1:

- 1 = set: black Pixel without considering previous parameter (ODER)
- 2 = delete: white Pixel without regarding previous parameter
- 3 = invert: black Pixel turns to white Pixel and reversed (EXOR)
- 4 = replace: clear background and set Pixels; area with filling pattern ptn only
- 5 = invers replace: fill background, delete Pixels; area with fill pattern ptn only





Upload picture







Set Graphics Mode









13

Continue straight line

I/O Read Port

I/O Set Port

Write character string

Query display type

Resolution of display and way of building up an image will be displayed. High-Level-Graphics Controller IC202-PGH features a permanent resolution of 128 x 64 Pixel and organizes image building up in vertical direction. This command is available for communication of external programmes with our High-Level-Graphics Controller. IC6963-PGH is designed for displays with i.e. Toshiba controller managing variabel resolutions up to 240x128 Pixel with horizontal image building up organisation.

Example: \$3F

This command transmits first the resolution X- (128) and Y- (64) and then the way of image building up ('V') in vertical organization via RS-232 interface.

Changes port value (**n1**: 0..7 = I/O: 0..7) into value **n2** (0=L-level; 1=H-level; 2=invert port level). When n1 becomes 8, all I/O 0..7 will be transfered as binary value n2; I/O 0: LSB, I/O 7: MSB See application on page 4.

n1 n2

W

\$57

\$57

Х

Υ

Example: \$47

\$00 \$16

n1

Example:

\$30 \$0F

x1 v1

Example: \$59 \$02 \$01

sets port I/O 2 to H-level

Ζ x1 y1 ASCII... NUL

ELECTRONIC ASSEMBLY

\$00 \$10 \$04

Reads in Port (**n1**: 0..7 = I/O: 0..7).

\$58 \$02

See application on page 4.

\$1B

Draws a straight line from last drawn line end resp. (see page 3: Last xy) to x1,y1 under considering the Graphic Mode 'V' (set / delete / inverse).

Draws first a straight line from 0,0 to 16,4; then continuing from 22,27 to 48,15.

reads in signal at I/O 2 and transmits L-level a \$00 resp. H-level a \$01 via RS-232

When **n1** = 8, all I/O 0..7 are read in binary; I/O 0: LSB, I/O 7: MSB

Writes a character string ASCII.... beginning from coordinate x1,y1 honoring preset mode 'T' (set / delete / inverse / replace / inverse replace / pattern / direction). Character strings must be finished with NUL (\$00). Origin (0,0) starts in top left hand corner of display. Datas of coordinates refer to top left hand corner of character. Note: Font Nr. 1 has capital letters only.

Example: \$5A \$06 \$0B \$54 \$65 \$73 \$74 \$00

writes character string "Test" starting at coordinate 6,11.

Font: 8x16 with normal height and width. Text mode: Writing direction is from right hand, Overlay mode is Replace with Pattern Black.

?

est





ELECTRONIC ASSEMBLY

INTEGRATED FONTS

High-Level Graphic Controller EA IC202 incorporates 3 integrated character sets (Font1: 4x6 Pixel; Font2: 6x8 Pixel and Font 3 8x16 Pixel). Each character set can be used in 1-, 2-, 3- or 4-times height. Independant of height the width may be doubled, tripled or quadrupled. 4-16 self defined characters will be stored as long as the supply voltage is switched on, (see command 'E').

+ Lower Upper	\$0 (0)	\$1 (1)	\$2 (2)	\$3 (3)	\$4 (4)	\$5 (5)	\$6 (6)	\$7 (7)	\$8 (8)	\$9 (9)	\$A (10)	\$B (11)	\$C (12)	\$D (13)	\$E (14)	\$F (15)
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\$30 (dez: 48)	0	i.	8	Э	4	5	6	7	8	9	:	:	<	=	>	?
\$40 (dez: 64)	ē	R	B	E	D	E	F	6	H	I	.:	ĸ	L.	Ħ	n	0
\$50 (dez: 80)	p	ù	R	5	T	U	Ų	H	X	Ÿ	2	E	ì	1		

Font 1

Up	+ Lower	\$0 (0)	\$1 (1)	\$2 (2)	\$3 (3)	\$4 (4)	\$5 (5)	\$6 (6)	\$7 (7)	\$8 (8)	\$9 (9)	\$A (10)	\$B (11)	\$C (12)	\$D (13)	\$E (14)	\$F (15)	Each ii by pixe
\$20	(dez: 32)		ļ		#	*	%	8.	."	¢	>	*	+	ŗ		=	/	wayat
\$30	(dez: 48)	0	1	2	З	4	5	6	7	8	9	:	;	<	=	\rightarrow	?	SIZES (
\$40	(dez: 64)	e	Ĥ	в	С	D	E	F	6	Н	I	J	К	L.	М	Ν	0	
\$50	(dez: 80)	P	Q	R	S	T	U	Ų	Ŵ	Х	Y	Z	Е		3	~		
\$60	(dez: 96)	ų	а	b	с	d	e	f	g	h	i.	j	k	1	m	n	0	
\$70	(dez: 112)	þ	q	r	s	t	u	v	W	×	Э	z	{	:	>	•.	Ċ	
\$80	(dez: 128)	ç	ü	ė	a	ä	à	ā	Ģ	ē	ë	è	ï	1	1	ä	À	
\$90	(dez: 144)	É	æ	Æ	3	8	5	G	ū	ÿ	ö	ü	¢	£	¥	β	f	
\$A0	(dez: 160)	ä	i	ਂ	ü	ñ	N	<u>a</u> .	<u>Ω</u>	ż			ķ	14	1	*	×	
\$B0	(dez: 176)		*	*	1	4	4	-11	-11	7	눼	1	Ŧ	-11	.11	÷	-7	
\$C0	(dez: 192)	L	<u>.</u> L		ŀ		+	ŧ	ŀ	Ŀ	ĪĒ	-4	Ŧ	lŀ	===	4	#	
\$D0	(dez: 208)	ш	7	л	Ш	Ŀ	F	n	#	#	.1	r						
\$E0	(dez: 224)	α	ø	r	Π	Σ	σ	Д	T	ġ	ė	Ω	8	œ	ø	Ë	n	
\$F0	(dez: 240)	≡	±	2	1	ľ		÷	H	40	:	-	ŗ	n	2			Font 2

Font

Each individual character can be placed exactly by pixel. You may mix text with graphics in any way at your desire. Also characters with different sizes can be used in common.

+ Lower	\$0 (0)	\$1 (1)	\$2 (2)	\$3 (3)	\$4 (4)	\$5 (5)	\$6 (6)	\$7 (7)	\$8 (8)	\$9 (9)	\$A (10)	\$B (11)	\$C (12)	\$D (13)	\$E (14)	\$F (15)
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\$60 (dez: 96)	144 144	9	b	C	Ø	94	Ë.	g	•	i.	1		الحصي	M	Π	O
\$70 (dez: 112)	ρ	q	r	Ş	-		Ų	H	Зм;	IJ	74	أسيهما		أسريهما	1 24	۵
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ELECTRONIC ASSEMBLY

EA GE120-5NV24 GRAPHIC UNIT 120x32, 2 FONTS, RS-232

Dimensions68 x 39 x 11mmDisplay120x32, Supertwist, LED-BacklightSupply Voltage+5V / 100mATerminals10 Pins, 2,54mm GridOperating Temperature0 ... +70°CStorage Temperature-20 ... +70°C



- * 120x32 Pixel Supertwist-LCD with green color LED-Backlight
- * 2 FONTS from 3,2mm (5x30 Characters) to 4,6mm (4x20) up to 18,2 mm (1x5)
- * DRAW STRAIGHT LINES, INVERT OR DELTE AREAS
- * SUPPLY VOLTAGE: +5V / typ. 100mA
- * BAUDRATES1200,2400,4800,9600,19200BD

Ordering Information

Graphicunit 120x64 with LED-Backlight Cable with 9-pin D-SUB plug (female)

EA GE120-5NV24 EA KV24-9B

EA GE128-6N3V24 GRAPHIC UNIT 128x64, 3 FONTS, RS-232C

Graphic Device EA GE128-6N3V24 is based on High-Level-Graphic Controller EA IC202-PGH. This Graphic Device operates either on real RS-232C levels (±10Volts) or with CMOS- levels.

Dimensions84 x 60 x 25mmDisplay128x64, Supertwist, LED-BacklightSupply Voltage+5V / 150mATerminals10 Pins, 2,54mm GridOperating Temperature0 ... +70°CStorage Temperature-20 ... +70°C

- * 128x64 Pixel Supertwist-LCD with green color LED-Backlight
- * 3 FONTS: 2,6mm (10x32 Characters); 6,2mm (4x16) and 25 mm (1x5)
- * DRAW STRAIGHT LINES, INVERT OR DELETE AREAS
- * AUTOMATIC BARGRAPH SCALING FUNCTION
- * SUPPLY VOLTAGE: +5V / typ. 150mA
- * BAUDRATES1200,2400,4800,9600,19200BD

Ordering Information

Graphicunit 128x64 with LED-Backlight Cable with 9-pin D-SUB plug (female)

EA GE128-6N3V24 EA KV24-9B

EA GE128-7KV24 GRAPHIC UNIT 128x128, 3 FONTS, RS-232

Dimensions85 x 100 x 25mmDisplay128x128, Supertwist, LED-BacklightSupply Voltage+5V / 500mATerminals10 Pins, 2,54mm GridOperating Temperature0 ... +50°CStorage Temperature-20 ... +70°C

- * 128x128 Pixel Supertwist-LCD with green color LED-Backlight
- * 3 FONTS from 2,2mm (21x32 Characters) to 5,2mm (8x16) up to 21 mm (2x5)
- * DRAW STRAIGHT LINES, INVERT OR DELETE AREAS
- * AUTOMATIC BARGRAPH SCALING FUNCTION
- * SUPPLY VOLTAGE: +5V / typ. 500mA
- * BAUD RATES 1200,2400,4800,9600,19200BD



Ordering Information

Graphicunit 128x128 with LED-Backlight Cable with 9-pin D-SUB plug (female) EA GE128-7KV24 EA KV24-9B

More Display Sizes are available: i.e. 240x64 and 240x128 (as of Dec `97).



EA IC202

BAUD RATES

Various baud rates can be selected depending on System Clock (Quartz, Ceramic Resonator) for RS-232 data transfer. Its done by connecting pins BAUD0..2 and QTYP to VDD or to GND-Pegel. Programmable baud rates are shown in this table (0: GND, 1: VDD).

	Baud Rates													
Baud	Baud	Baud	QTYP = 1		QTYP = 0									
2	1	0	11,0592 MHz	3,6864 MHz	7,3728 MHz	14,7456 MHz								
0	0	0	1200	300	600	1200								
0	0	1	2400	600	1200	2400								
0	1	0	4800	1200	2400	4800								
0	1	1	9600	2400	4800	9600								
1	0	0	19200	4800	9600	19200								
1	0	1	38400	9600	19200	38400								
1	1	0	57600	14400	28800	57600								
1	1	1	115200	28800	57600	115200								

ADRESSING

Up to 4 High-Level Graphics Controller are adressable on a single serial port. The individual adress is set on pin ADR0 and on pin ADR1.

<u>Caution</u>! Simple parallel connection of handshake lines RTS respectively transmitter lines TxD results in interfering output signals, therefore you have to use an additional logic circuit to prevent data crash. We recommand an OR-logic for RTS resp. AND-logic for TxD.

Adressing		
A D R 1	A D R 0	Adress
0	0	0
0	1	1
1	0	2
1	1	3

DIMENSIONS

Housing: PLCC44J; all sizes in Inches (mm)

