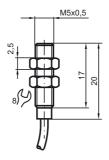
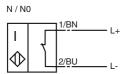
Comfort series 0.8 mm embeddable Usable up to SIL2 acc. to IEC 61508



(€ 0102

General specifications	
Switching element function	NAMUR NC
Rated operating distance s _n	0.8 mm
Installation	embeddable
Assured operating distance sa	0 0.65 mm
Reduction factor r _{Al}	0.4
Reduction factor r _{Cu}	0.3
Reduction factor r _{V2A}	0.85
Nominal ratings	
Nominal voltage U _o	8 V
Operating voltage U _B	5 25 V
Switching frequency f	0 5000 Hz
Hysteresis H	3 %
Current consumption	
Measuring plate not detected	≥ 3 mA
Measuring plate detected	≤ 1 mA
Standard conformity	
EMC in accordance with	IEC / EN 60947-5-2:2004
Standards	DIN EN 60947-5-6 (NAMUR)
Ambient conditions	
Ambient temperature	-25 100 °C (248 373 K)
Mechanical specifications	
Connection type	2 m, PVC cable
Core cross-section	0.14 mm ²
Housing material	Stainless steel
Sensing face	PBT
Protection degree	IP67
General information	
Use in the hazardous area	see instruction manuals
Category	1G; 2G; 1D

Connection type:



Instruction

Device category 1G Directive conformity Standard conformity

CE symbol

Ex-identification

Cable length

EC-Type Examination Certificate Appropriate type Effective internal capacitance Ci Effective internal inductance Li

Explosion group IIA Explosion group IIB Explosion group IIC General

Highest permissible ambient temperature

Installation, Comissioning

Maintenance

Special conditions

Protection from mechanical danger

Electrostatic charging

Manual electrical apparatus for hazardous areas

for use in hazardous areas with gas, vapour and mist

EN 50014:1997; EN 50020:1994; EN 50284:1999 Ignition protection "Intrinsic safety"

Use is restricted to the following stated conditions

€0102

⟨ы⟩ II 1G EEx ia IIC T6

PTB 00 ATEX 2048 X

NJ 0.8-5GM-N...

≤ 30 nF; a cable length of 10 m is considered. $\leq 50~\mu H$; a cable length of 10 m is considered.

Dangerous electrostatic charges on the fixed connection cable must be taken into account for lengths equal to and exceeding the following values:

64 cm 10 cm

The apparatus has to be operated according to the appropriate data in the data sheet and in this instruction manual.

The EU prototype test certificate must be observed. The special conditions must be adhered to!

Directive 94/9EG and hence also EU prototype test certificates apply in general

only to the use of electrical apparatus under atmospheric conditions. The use in ambient temperatures of > 60 °C was tested with regard to hot surfaces by the mentioned certification authority.

If the equipment is not used under atmospheric conditions, a reduction of the permissible minimum ignition energies may have to be taken into consideration.

The temperature ranges, according to temperature class, are given in the EU prototype test certificate. Note: Use the temperature table for category 1 !!! The 20 % reduction in accordance with EN 1127-1:1997 has already been accounted for in the temperature table for category 1.

Laws and/or regulations and standards governing the use or intended usage goal must be observed.

The intrinsic safety is only assured in connection with an appropriate related apparatus and according to the proof of intrinsic safety.

The associated apparatus must satisfy the requirements of category ia.

Due to the possible danger of ignition, which can arise due to faults and/or transient currents in the equipotential bonding system, galvanic isolation of the power supply and signal circuit is preferable. Associated apparatus without electrical isolation must only be used if the appropriate requirements of IEC 60079-

No changes can be made to apparatus, which are operated in hazardous areas. Repairs to these apparatus are not possible.

When used in the temperature range below -20°C the sensor should be protected from knocks by the provision of an additional housing

Electrostatic charges on the metal housing components must be avoided. Dangerous electrostatic charges on the metal housing components can be avoided by incorporating these components in the equipotential bonding.

ATEX 2G

Instruction

Device category 2G

Directive conformity Standard conformity

CE symbol

Ex-identification

EC-Type Examination Certificate
Appropriate type

Effective internal appearance C

 $\begin{tabular}{ll} Effective internal capacitance & C_i \\ Effective internal inductance L_i \\ \end{tabular}$

General

Highest permissible ambient temperature

Installation, Comissioning

Maintenance

Special conditions

Protection from mechanical danger

Electrostatic charging

Manual electrical apparatus for hazardous areas

for use in hazardous areas with gas, vapour and mist

EN 50014:1997, EN 50020:1994 Ignition protection "Intrinsic safety" Use is restricted to the following stated conditions

C€0102

⟨Ex⟩ II 1G EEx ia IIC T6

PTB 00 ATEX 2048 X

≤ 30 nF; a cable length of 10 m is considered.

 $\leq 50~\mu H$; a cable length of 10 m is considered.

The apparatus has to be operated according to the appropriate data in the data sheet and in this instruction manual. The EU prototype test certificate must be observed. The special conditions must be adhered to!

Directive 94/9EG and hence also EU prototype test certificates apply in general only to the use of electrical apparatus under atmospheric conditions

The use in ambient temperatures of $> 60\,^{\circ}\text{C}$ was tested with regard to hot surfaces by the mentioned certification authority.

If the equipment is not used under atmospheric conditions, a reduction of the permissible minimum ignition energies may have to be taken into consideration.

The temperature ranges, according to temperature class, are given in the EU prototype test certificate.

Laws and/or regulations and standards governing the use or intended usage goal must be observed. The intrinsic safety is only assured in connection with an appropriate related apparatus and according to the proof of intrinsic safety.

No changes can be made to apparatus, which are operated in hazardous areas. Repairs to these apparatus are not possible.

When used in the temperature range below -20 $^{\circ}\text{C}$ the sensor should be protected from knocks by the provision of an additional housing.

Electrostatic charges must be avoided on the mechanical housing components. Dangerous electrostatic charges on the mechanical housing components can be avoided by incorporating these in the equipotential bonding.

Instruction

Device category 1D

Directive conformity Standard conformity

CE symbol

Ex-identification

EC-Type Examination Certificate Appropriate type Effective internal capacitance Ci Effective internal inductance Li

General

Maximum housing surface temperature

Installation, Comissioning

Maintenance

[Fett]Special conditions Electrostatic charging

Manual electrical apparatus for hazardous areas

for use in hazardous areas with combustible dust

IEC 61241-11:2002: draft; prEN61241-0:2002 type of protection intrinsic safety "iD"

Use is restricted to the following stated conditions

(Ex) II 1D Ex iaD 20 T 108 °C (381 K)

The Ex-relevant identification may also be printed on the accompanying adhesive label.

ZELM 03 ATEX 0128 X

NJ0,8-5GM-N...

 \leq 30 nF; a cable length of 10 m is considered.

 $\leq 50~\mu H$; a cable length of 10 m is considered.

The apparatus has to be operated according to the appropriate data in the data sheet and in this instruction manual.

The EU prototype test certificate must be observed.

The special conditions must be adhered to!

The maximum surface temperature of the housing is given in the EC-Type Examination Certificate.

Laws and/or regulations and standards governing the use or intended usage goal must be observed.
The intrinsic safety is only assured in connection with an appropriate related

apparatus and according to the proof of intrinsic safety.

The associated apparatus must satisfy at least the requirements of category ia IIB or iaD. Because of the possibility of the danger of ignition, which can arise due to faults and/or transient currents in the equipotential bonding system, galvanic isolation in the power supply and signal circuits is preferable. Associated apparatus without electrical isolation must only be used if the appropriate requirements of IEC 60079-14 are met.

The intrinsically safe circuit has to be protected against influences due to light-

When used in the isolating wall between Zone 20 and Zone 21 or Zone 21 und Zone 22 the sensor must not be exposed to any mechanical danger and must be sealed in such a way, that the protective function of the isolating wall is not impaired. The applicable directives and standards must be observed.

If the Ex-relevant identification is exclusively printed on the included adhesive label, this must be applied in the direct vicinity of the sensor! The surface to which the label is to applied must be clean and free from grease! The applied adhesive label must be durable adlegible to protect it against the possibility of chemical corrosion!

No changes can be made to apparatus, which are operated in hazardous areas. Repairs to these apparatus are not possible.

Electrostatic charges must be avoided on the mechanical housing components. Dangerous electrostatic charges on the mechanical housing components can be avoided by incorporating these in the equipotential bonding.

The connection cables are to be laid in accordance with EN 50281-1-2 and must not normally be subjected to chaffing during use.