# anteneva

Lucida

SR4L002 · lamiiANT®



# Features

- Antenna for LTE applications including MIMO systems
- LTE 700, GSM850, GSM900, DCS1800, PCS1900, WCDMA2100
- LTE B7 (2500-2690 MHz), LTE B40 (2300-2400 MHZ)
- High performance antenna using DFI (Designed for Integration)
- Small clearance area while maintaining high efficiency
- Innovative design with low profile
- SMD mounting
- Supplied on Tape and Reel

# 1. Description

A compact low profile antenna for all 4G/LTE applications, including MIMO systems. The novel design of the antenna reduces susceptibility to detuning.

# 2. Applications

- 4G MiFi routers
- Pico base stations
- Portable devices
- Telematics devices
- OBDII & Automotive devices
- Network devices
- Wearable devices

# 3. General data

Frequency	698-824MHz 824-960MHz 1710-2170MHz 2300-2400MHz 2500-2690MHz
Polarization	Linear
Operating Temperature	-40°C to 140°C
Environmental Condition Test	ISO16750-4 5.1.1.1/5.1.2.1/5.3.2
Impedance with Matching	50 Ω
Weight	<2.0g
Antenna Type	SMD
Dimensions	35.0 x 8.5 x 3.3 (mm)

# 4. Part number

#### SR4L002



# 5. RF characteristics

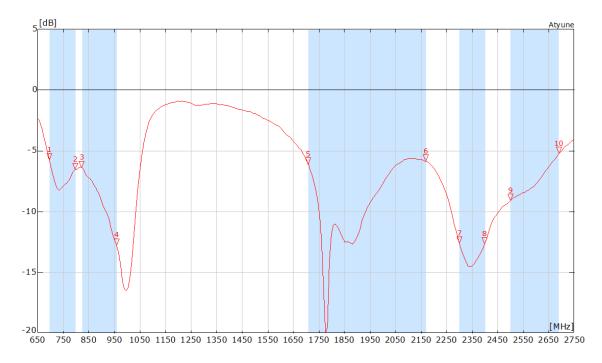
	698-824 MHz	824-960 MHz	1710-2170 MHz
Peak gain	0.5dBi	1.0dBi	2.5dBi
Average gain (Linear)	-1.5dBi	-1.5dBi	-1.5dBi
Average efficiency	>45%	>60%	>65%
Maximum return loss	-6.0dB	-6.0dB	-6.0dB
Maximum VSWR	3.2:1	2.8:1	3.1:1

	2300-2400 MHz	2500-2690 MHz
Peak gain	1.6dBi	2.5dBi
Average gain (Linear)	-2.0dBi	-2.0dBi
Average efficiency	>50%	>50%
Maximum return loss	-10.0dB	-5.0dB
Maximum VSWR	1.7:1	3.4:1

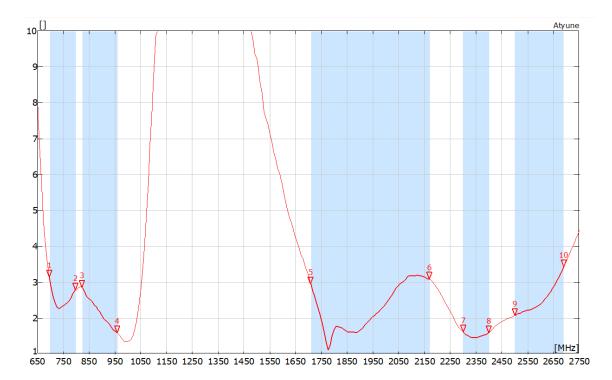
All data measured on Antenova's evaluation PCB Part no. SR4L002-EVB-1

# 6. RF performance

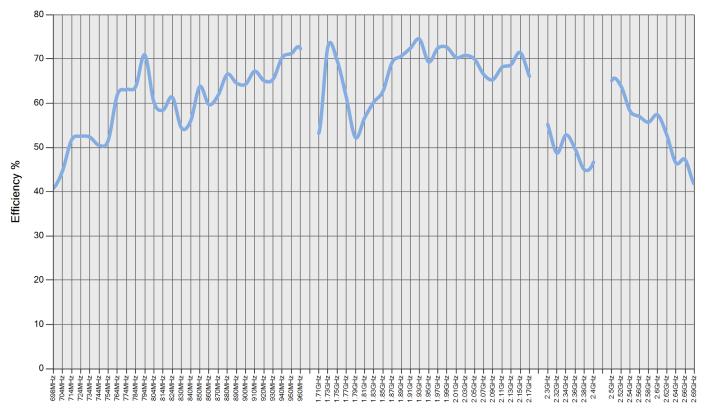
### 6.1. Return loss



### 6.2. VSWR



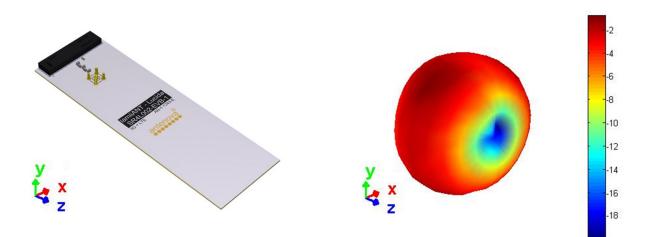
### 6.3. Efficiency

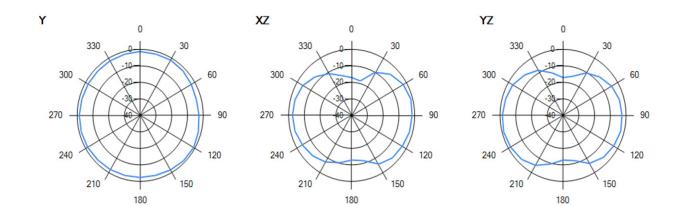


Frequency

#### 6.4.1. 698 MHz - 824 MHz

3d pattern at 734 MHz

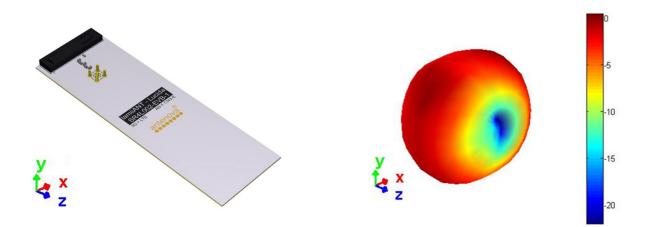


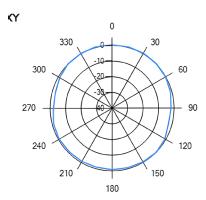


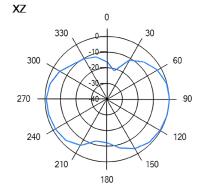
- 734MHz

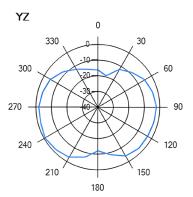
#### 6.4.2. 824 MHz - 960 MHz

3D pattern at 900 MHz



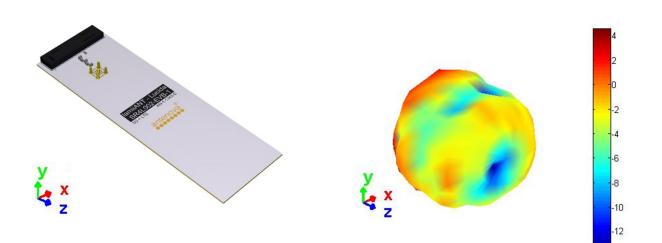


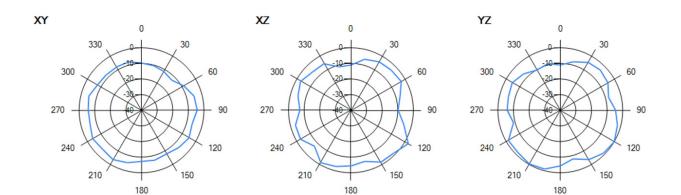




#### 6.4.3. 1710 MHz - 2170 MHz

3D pattern at 1930 MHz

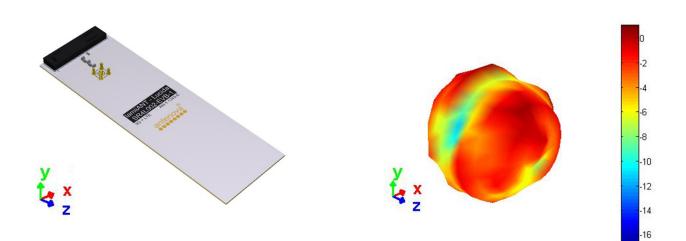


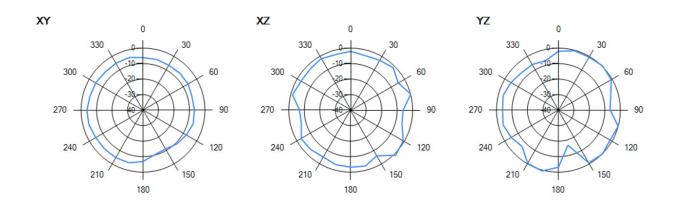


----- 1.93GHz

#### 6.4.4. 2300 MHz - 2400 MHz

3D pattern at 2340 MHz



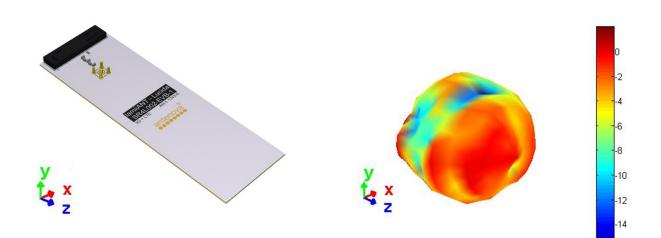


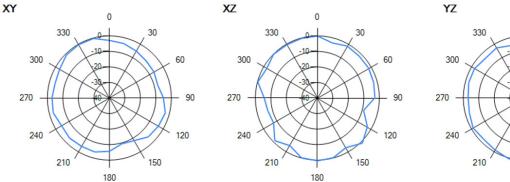
---- 2.34GHz

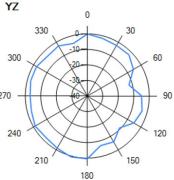
-16

#### 6.4.5. 2500 MHz - 2690 MHz

3D pattern at 2600 MHz







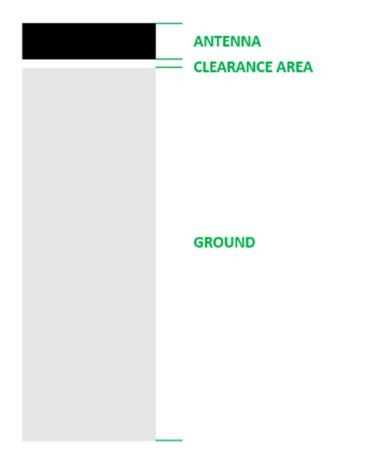
- 2.6GHz

#### 6.5. Optimising antenna efficiency

All SMD cellular antennas require a ground plane on the host PCB for best radiation efficiency, especially in the sub-GHz bands. On an ideal PCB the antenna needs the ground plane length to be greater than a quarter wavelength of the lowest frequency used. If the ground plane is less than this, the efficiency will be reduced. E.g. to calculate the wavelength of 698MHz:

$$\lambda = \frac{c}{f} = \frac{3X10^8}{698X10^6} = 430$$
mm  
<sup>1</sup>/<sub>4</sub>  $\lambda = 107$ mm

In practise, the optimum PCB length will be slightly greater than ¼ wavelength + antenna + clearance area, for Lucida that optimum PCB length is 125mm.



# 7. Antenna dimensions

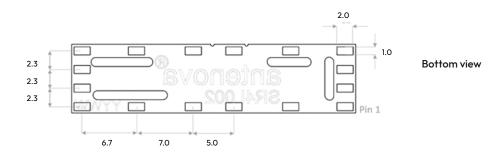




Top view

L	W	н
Length	Width	Height
35.0 ±0.1	8.5 ±0.1	3.3 ±0.2

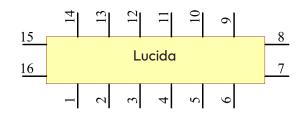
All dimensions in (mm)



# 8. Schematic symbol and pin definition

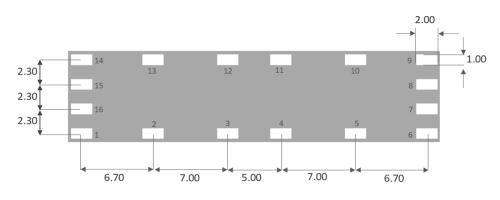
The circuit symbol for the antenna is shown below. The antenna has 16 pins with only 2 as functional. All other pins are for mechanical strength.

Pin	Description
3	Feed (Transceiver port)
4	Return/GND
1, 2, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16	NC (Not used, mechanical only)



# 9. Host PCB footprint

The recommended host PCB footprint is below.



Pads 1-16 = 2.0 x 1.0 (mm)

# 10. Electrical interface

#### 10.1. Transmission line

All transmission lines should be designed to have a characteristic impedance of 50  $\!\Omega$  .

- The length of each transmission lines should be kept to a minimum
- All other parts of the RF system like transceivers, power amplifiers, etc, should also be designed to have a 50  $\Omega$  impedance

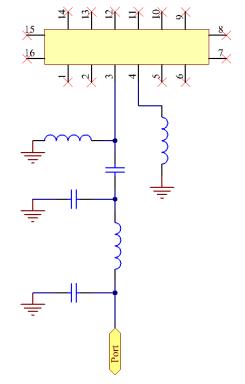
A co-planar transmission line can be designed using an online transmission line calculator tool, such as:

https://blog.antenova.com/rf-transmission-line-calculator

The PCB thickness, copper thickness and substrate dielectric constant are entered, then the tool calculates the transmission line width and gaps on either side of the track to give a 50  $\Omega$  impedance.

#### 10.2. Matching circuit

The antenna requires a matching circuit that must be optimized for each product. The matching circuit will require up to six components and the following circuit should be designed into the host PCB. Not all components may be required but should be included as a precaution. The matching network should be placed close to the antenna feed to ensure it is optionally effective in tuning the antenna.

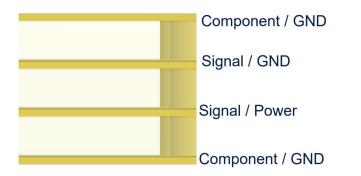


# 11. Antenna integration guide

We recommend the following during the design phase to maximise antenna performance and minimize noise:

- Minimum 4 layer PCB
- Route signals and power internally where possible
- Flood all layers with ground
- Knit ground on all layers together with plenty of vias

Follow placement guidance carefully, in addition Antenova provide technical support to help you through all stages of your design. Register for an account on https://ask.antenova.com/ to access technical support.



#### 11.1. Antenna placement

The best position for the antenna is in the corner of the short side of the PCB. This allows the longer side of the PCB to be a ground plane, a long ground plane improves the antenna's efficiency. The antenna requires clearance ideally in 5 spatial directions as shown below. Where this cannot be achieved you should keep as many clear as possible to a minimum of 3. Please note performance will degrade with fewer clearances.

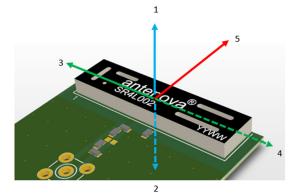
The Antenova placement tool can be used to advise on antenna placement, see: https://blog.antenova.com/intelligent-antenna-selection-and-placement-tool-antenova

Incorrect

Correct



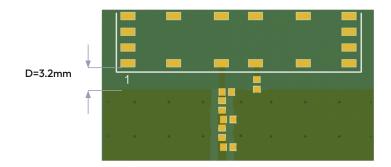






#### 11.2. Host PCB layout

The host PCB must be designed using the PCB footprint shown with the correct clearances. An example of the PCB layout shows the antenna footprint. Please note this clearance area is critical to the performance of the antenna and must be applied through all layers of the PCB.

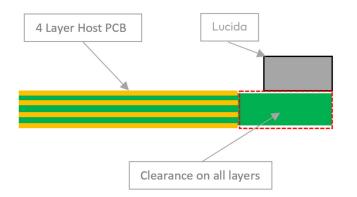


All dimensions in (mm)

#### 11.3 .Host PCB clearance

The diagram below shows the antenna footprint and clearance through all layers on the PCB. Only the antenna pads and connections to feed and GND are present within this clearance area.

Placement of components and GND with traces adjacent to the antenna should maintain a minimum clearance of 15mm from either side. The antenna should therefore be placed in the corner to only have one side affected.



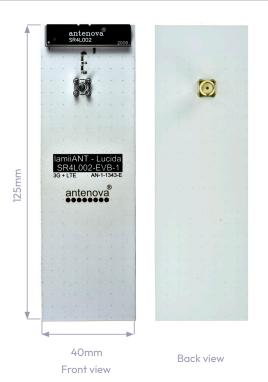
#### 11.4. Diversity

The Lucida antenna is suitable for use in diversity antennas. To implement a diversity antenna, follow the guidance given in the Diversity Antennas app note. This can be downloaded from Antenova.com.

# 12. Reference board

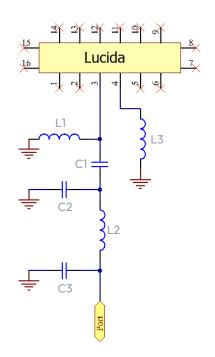
A reference board is used for evaluating the antenna SR4L002 and it includes a SMA female connector. (Part number: SR4L002-EVB-1)

To order a reference board please see antenova.com



### 12.1. Reference board matching circuit

Designator	Туре	Value	Description
L1, L3	Inductor	15nH	Murata LQG15HN series
L2	Inductor	3.3nH	Murata LQG15HN series
C1	Capacitor	2.2pF	Murata GJM15 series
C2	NA	DNP	Not Fitted
C3	Capacitor	0.5pF	Murata GJM15 series



# 13. Soldering

This antenna is suitable for lead free soldering. The reflow profile should be adjusted to suit the device, oven and solder paste, while observing the following conditions:

- For leaded soldering, the maximum temperature should not exceed 240 °C.
- For lead free soldering, a maximum temperature of 255 °C for no more than 20 seconds is permitted.
- The antenna should not be exposed to temperatures exceeding 120 °C more than 3 times during the soldering process.

### 14. Hazardous material regulation conformance

The antenna has been tested to conform to RoHS and REACH requirements. A certificate of conformance is available from Antenova's website.

### 15. Packaging

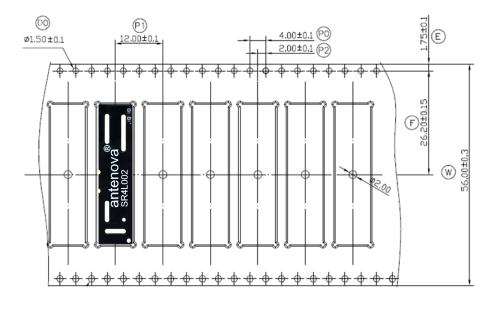
#### 15.1. Optimal storage conditions

Temperature	-10°C to 40°C
Humidity	Less than 75% RH
Shelf Life	24 Months
Storage Place	Away from corrosive gas and direct sunlight
Packaging	Reels should be stored in unopened sealed manufacturer's plastic packaging.
MSL Level	1

Note: Storage of open reels of antennas is not recommended due to possible oxidization of pads on antennas. If short term storage is necessary, then it is highly recommended that the bag containing the antenna reel is re-sealed and stored in conditions as described in the table above.

The shelf life of the antenna is 2 years provided the factory seal on the package has not been broken.

# 15.2. Tape characteristics





Direction	of	feed
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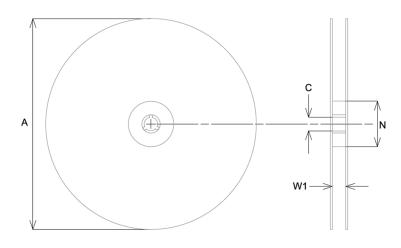
PO	P1	P2	D0
4.00 ± 0.1	12.00 ± 0.1	2.00 ± 0.1	1.50 ± 0.1

E	F	W
1.75 ± 0.1	26.20 ± 0.15	56.00 ± 0.3

All dimensions in (mm)

Quantity	Leading Space	Trailing Space
1000 pcs / reel	30 blank antenna holders	30 blank antenna holders

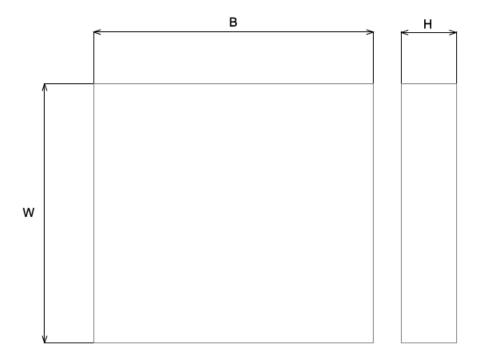
#### 15.3. Reel dimensions



А	С	Ν	W1
330.0 ± 2.0	13.0 ± 0.5	100.0 ± 0.5	56 ± 0.3

All dimensions in (mm)

### 15.4. Box dimensions



Width (W)	Breadth (B)	Height (H)
350mm	355mm	70mm

#### 15.5. Bag properties

Reels are supplied in protective plastic packaging.

#### 15.6. Reel label information



#### Quality statements

Antenova's products conform to REACH and RoHS legislation. For our statements regarding these and other quality standards, please see antenova.com.



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Datasheet version 4.01 released Aug 2024

# anteneva

# Antenna design, integration and test resources

Product designers – the details contained in this datasheet will help you to complete your embedded antenna design. Please follow our technical advice carefully to obtain optimum antenna performance.

We aim to support our customers to create high performance wireless products. You will find a wealth of design resources, calculators and case studies to aid your design on our website.

Antenova's design laboratories are equipped with the latest antenna design tools and test chambers. We provide antenna design, test and technical integration services to help you complete your design and obtain the required certifications.

If you cannot find the antenna you require in our product range, please contact us to discuss creating a custom antenna to meet your exact requirements.

Share knowledge with RF Experts around the world

ask.antenova is a global forum for designers and engineers working with wireless technology

Visit Ask.Antenova

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Order antenna samples and evaluation boards, and read our antenna resources

Visit antenova.com

Request a volume quotation for antennas:

<u>sales@antenova.com</u> +44 (0) 1707 927589 Global headquarters Antenova Ltd, 2nd Floor Titan Court, 3 Bishop Square, Hatfield, AL10 9NA

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