# NGM2611-C13 - pre-calibrated module for Methane

### Features:

- \* Factory calibrated
- \* Temperature compensation circuit
- \* Low power consumption sensor TGS2611
- \* Compact size
- \* Meets RoHS regulations

The NGM2611 is a pre-calibrated module for natural gas alarms which is precisely calibrated in Figaro's humidity and temperature controlled facility.

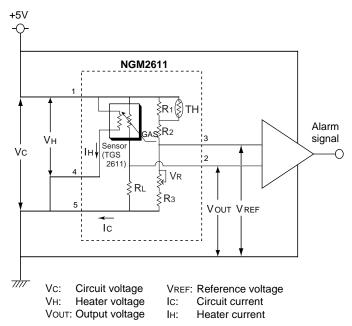
The most important process in manufacturing reliable resdential gas alarms is adjusting the alarm point. Calibration is a complicated and time consuming process which also requires a substantial investment in calibration equipment. By eliminating the costly calibration process, this module enables users to easily and simply manufacture residential natural gas alarms. Figaro has taken the complexity out of designing a gas detector circuit by providing users with a temperature compensation circuit which combines a built-in thermistor and individually adjusted load resistor together with Figaro's low power methane gas sensor.

A connector allows easy replacement of the module for the purpose of periodic sensor renewal. This input/output connector enables easy installation of the module into the gas detectors' mother board. This same mother board can be used for both methane and LPG gas detectors by simply changing the module.

This module is designed to meet the performance requirements of EN50194, and UL1484.

Please refer to "Technical Information for TGS2611" for sensor sensitivity characteristics. Refer to "Application Notes for TGS2611" for further information regarding circuit design.

#### Circuit Diagram



#### **Basic Pin Connection**

A regulated voltage of 5V DC should be applied to Pin #1. A voltage comparator should be connected to Pins #2 and 3. A circuit for detecting breakage of the heater may be connected to Pin #4 (in which case, Pins #4 and 5 should be connected separately to the GND).

When the gas sensor module is exposed to a concentration of target gas which exceeds the desired alarming point, the value of Vout will reach or exceed the value of VREF, causing the module to reach the alarm condition.

NOTE: As described in Sec. 2-6 of *"Technical Information for TGS2611"*, when energizing the sensor after an unpowered period, the sensor's resistance (Rs) drops sharply for the first few seconds after energizing, regardless of the presence of gases, before recovering to a stable level. This 'initial action' may cause activation of an alarm during the first few moments of energizing since VRL would exceed Vref. To prevent unnecessary alarms during sensor warmup, a circuit modification such as that shown in Sec. 1-7 of *"Application Notes for TGS2611"* should be used.

IMPORTANT NOTE: OPERATING CONDITIONS IN WHICH FIGARO SENSORS ARE USED WILL VARY WITH EACH CUSTOMER'S SPECIFIC APPLICATIONS. FIGARO STRONGLY RECOMMENDS CONSULTING OUR TECHNICAL STAFF BEFORE DEPLOYING FIGARO SENSORS IN YOUR APPLICATION AND, IN PARTICULAR, WHEN CUSTOMER'S TARGET GASES ARE NOT LISTED HEREIN. FIGARO CANNOT ASSUME ANY RESPONSIBILITY FOR ANY USE OF ITS SENSORS IN A PRODUCT OR APPLICATION FOR WHICH SENSOR HAS NOT BEEN SPECIFICALLY TESTED BY FIGARO.

# Applications:

\* Residential natural gas alarm



## Parts List:

Symbol	Part	Spec.	Maker	Model #	Qty
Rı	Carbon resistor	22kΩ 1/8W	Panasonic	ERJ8GEYJ223A	1
R2	Carbon resistor	6.8kΩ 1/8W	Panasonic	ERJ8GEYJ682A	1
R3	Carbon resistor	6.8kΩ 1/8W	Panasonic	ERJ8GEYJ682A	1
RL	Carbon resistor	Var. 1/8W	Panasonic	ERJ8GEYJxxxA	1
v	Potentiometer	20kΩ 1/3W	HDK	NVG6	1
v	(alternate)	20kΩ 1/3W	Koa	KVSF689A	1
	Thermistor	10kΩ at 25°C B const.=3400±3%	Mitsubishi Materials	SC20-3I103KT	1
ТН	(alternate 1)	10kΩ at 25°C B const.=3370±1%	Mitsubishi Materials	TH11-3H103FT	
	(alternate 2)	10kΩ at 25°C B const.=3414±1%	Semitec	103K1608T-1P	
	(alternate 3)	10kΩ at 25°C B const.=3380±1%	Murata	NCP18XH103J03RB	
Sensor	Gas Sensor	-	Figaro	TGS2611-C00	1
CN	Connector	-	Nichiatsu	MB5P-90S	1

# **Specifications:**

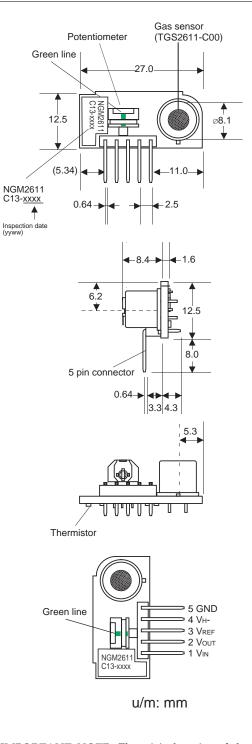
Mo	NGM 2611-C13		
Standard test conditions	Test gas conditions		5000±100ppm methane in air at 20±2°C, 65±5%RH
	Circuit conditions		VH = 5.0±0.05V DC Vc = 5.0±0.05V DC
	Preheating period prior to test		2 days
Electrical characteristics under standard test	Reference voltage	VREF(STD)	Vout(STD) ±0.5V DC
conditions	Output voltage	Vout(STD)	2.5±0.5V DC

# **Electrical Characteristics:**

Heater voltage     VH     5.0±0.2V DC       Circuit voltage     Vc     5.0±0.2V DC       Minimum impedance between Pin#2 and GND     2.5MΩ       Minimum impedance between Pin#3 and GND     2.5MΩ       Operating conditions     0~40°C, 30~95%RH       Temperature differential between Pins#3 and GND and outside detector casing     10°C max. (see NOTE)       Electrical characteristics under operating conditions     [Heater current (current between Pins #1 and 4)]     IH       Circuit current (current between Pins #1 and 5)     Ic     10mA (max.)       Reference voltage     VREF     1.0~4.0V DC       Output voltage     Vout     0.05~(Vc-0.05)V DC				
Recommended operating conditions Minimum impedance between Pin#2 and GND 2.5MΩ   Minimum impedance between Pin#3 and GND 0~40°C, 30~95%RH   Operating conditions 0~40°C, 30~95%RH   Temperature differential between inside and outside detector casing ≤10°C max. (see NOTE)   Heater current (current between Pin #1 and 4) IH 56±5mA   Circuit current (current between Pins #1 and 5) Ic 10mA (max.)   Reference voltage VREF 1.0~4.0V DC		Heater voltage	Vн	5.0±0.2V DC
Recommended operating conditions Minimum impedance between Pin#3 and GND 2.5MΩ   Minimum impedance between Pin#3 and GND Operating conditions 0~40°C, 30~95%RH   Temperature differential between inside and outside detector casing ≤10°C max. (see NOTE)   Heater current (current between Pins #1 and 4) IH 56±5mA   Circuit current (current between Pins #1 and 5) Ic 10mA (max.)   Reference voltage VREF 1.0~4.0V DC		Circuit voltage Vc		5.0±0.2V DC
Operating conditions   Minimum impedance between Pin#3 and GND   Description     Operating conditions   0~40°C, 30~95%RH     Temperature differential between inside and outside detector casing   ≤10°C max. (see NOTE)     Electrical characteristics under operating conditions   Heater current (current between Pins #1 and 4)   IH   56±5mA     Circuit current (current between Pins #1 and 5)   Ic   10mA (max.)     Reference voltage   VREF   1.0~4.0V DC	Recommended	Minimum impedance between Pin	#2 and GND	2.5MO
Image: Second stress Image: Second stress   Temperature differential between inside and outside detector casing ≤10°C max. (see NOTE)   Heater current (current between Pins #1 and 4) IH 56±5mA   Circuit current (current between Pins #1 and 5) Ic 10mA (max.)   Reference voltage VREF 1.0~4.0V DC		Minimum impedance between Pin	2.21VIC2	
Electrical characteristics under operating conditions Heater current (current between Pins #1 and 4) IH 56±5mA   Electrical characteristics under operating conditions Circuit current (current between Pins #1 and 5) Ic 10mA (max.)   Reference voltage VREF 1.0~4.0V DC		Operating conditions	0~40°C, 30~95%RH	
Electrical characteristics under operating conditions     Circuit current (current between Pins #1 and 4)     IH     56±5mA       Reference voltage     VREF     10mA (max.)			≤10°C max. (see NOTE)	
under operating conditions     (current between Pins #1 and 5)     IC     10mA (max.)       Reference voltage     VREF     1.0~4.0V DC			Ін	56±5mA
Reference voltage VREF 1.0~4.0V DC	under operating		lc	10mA (max.)
Output voltage Vout 0.05~(Vc-0.05)V DC	conditions	Reference voltage	Vref	1.0~4.0V DC
		Output voltage	Vout	0.05~(Vc-0.05)V DC

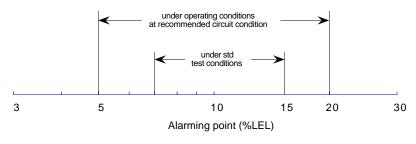
**NOTE**: Due to heat generated by circuit components, if the internal temperature of the detector exceeds the environmental temperture outside the detector casing by 10°C or more, the calibrated alarm concentration would drift due to drifting of Vref. If users are unable to design detectors so as to keep this temperature differential below 10°C, please consult with Figaro.

# **Structure and Dimensions:**



**IMPORTANT NOTE:** The original setting of the potentiometer should be checked prior to usage of the module to verify that it is in the calibrated position. NGM2611 has a green line on the potentiometer which should be in alignment.

#### **Expected performance:**



Expected performance of methanegas detectors using NGM2611 and 10% LEL alarming point

**NOTE:** When using NGM2611, typical alarm tolerances for 10%LEL of methane gas such as those shown in the figure above can be expected. However, in actual usage, alarm thresholds may vary since the threshold is also affected by such factors as the tolerances of test conditions and heat generation inside the gas detection enclosure. As a result, Figaro neither expressly nor impliedly warrants the performance shown in this figure. If a large difference between the expected and actual performance of detectors is noticed, please consult with Figaro.

### **Absolute Maximum Ratings:**

	Circuit voltage	Vc	-0.3~+5.5V DC
Absolute	Heater voltage	Vн	-0.3~+5.5V DC (max. of 2 minutes at 5.5V)
maximum ratings	Operating temperature		-15~+55°C (max. 95%RH)
(see NOTE)	Storage temperature		-20~+60°C (avoid condensation)
	Soldering temperature		260°C (max. in 10 sec.)

**NOTE:** Detectors should be designed according to "Recommended Operating Conditions" as shown above. However, detector circuits should also be designed not to exceed "Absolute Maximum Ratings" under any circumstances. To exceed these ratings may cause damage or deterioration of the sensor.

For applications involving usage of NGM2611 for applications other than residential natural gas alarms, please consult with Figaro.