

SRG-ADIO

IoT Gateway System

User's Manual 1st Ed

Last Updated: September 22, 2021

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Packing List

Before setting up your product, please make sure the following items have been shipped:

Item		Quantity
•	SRG-ADIO	1

If any of these items are missing or damaged, please contact your distributor or sales representative immediately.

About this Document

This User's Manual contains all the essential information, such as detailed descriptions and explanations on the product's hardware and software features (if any), its specifications, dimensions, jumper/connector settings/definitions, and driver installation instructions (if any), to facilitate users in setting up their product.

Users may refer to the product page at AAEON.com for the latest version of this document.

Safety Precautions

Please read the following safety instructions carefully. It is advised that you keep this manual for future references

- 1. All cautions and warnings on the device should be noted.
- All cables and adapters supplied by AAEON are certified and in accordance with the material safety laws and regulations of the country of sale. Do not use any cables or adapters not supplied by AAEON to prevent system malfunction or fires.
- 3. Make sure the power source matches the power rating of the device.
- 4. Position the power cord so that people cannot step on it. Do not place anything over the power cord.
- Always completely disconnect the power before working on the system's hardware.
- No connections should be made when the system is powered as a sudden rush of power may damage sensitive electronic components.
- If the device is not to be used for a long time, disconnect it from the power supply to avoid damage by transient over-voltage.
- 8. Always disconnect this device from any AC supply before cleaning.
- 9. While cleaning, use a damp cloth instead of liquid or spray detergents.
- 10. Make sure the device is installed near a power outlet and is easily accessible.
- 11. Keep this device away from humidity.
- 12. Place the device on a solid surface during installation to prevent falls
- 13. Do not cover the openings on the device to ensure optimal heat dissipation.
- 14. Watch out for high temperatures when the system is running.
- 15. Do not touch the heat sink or heat spreader when the system is running
- 16. Never pour any liquid into the openings. This could cause fire or electric shock.

- 17. As most electronic components are sensitive to static electrical charge, be sure to ground yourself to prevent static charge when installing the internal components. Use a grounding wrist strap and contain all electronic components in any static-shielded containers.
- 18. If any of the following situations arises, please the contact our service personnel:
 - i. Damaged power cord or plug
 - ii. Liquid intrusion to the device
 - iii. Exposure to moisture
 - Device is not working as expected or in a manner as described in this manual
 - v. The device is dropped or damaged
 - vi. Any obvious signs of damage displayed on the device

19. DO NOT LEAVE THIS DEVICE IN AN UNCONTROLLED ENVIRONMENT WITH TEMPERATURES BEYOND THE DEVICE'S PERMITTED STORAGE TEMPERATURES (SEE CHAPTER 1) TO PREVENT DAMAGE.



This device complies with Part 15 FCC Rules. Operation is subject to the following two conditions: (1) this device may not cause harmful interference, and (2) this device must accept any interference received including interference that may cause undesired operation.

Caution:

There is a danger of explosion if the battery is incorrectly replaced. Replace only with the same or equivalent type recommended by the manufacturer. Dispose of used batteries according to the manufacturer's instructions and your local government's recycling or disposal directives.

Attention:

Il y a un risque d'explosion si la batterie est remplacée de façon incorrecte. Ne la remplacer qu'avec le même modèle ou équivalent recommandé par le constructeur. Recycler les batteries usées en accord avec les instructions du fabricant et les directives gouvernementales de recyclage.

China RoHS Requirements (CN)

产品中有毒有害物质或元素名称及含量

AAEON System

QO4-381 Rev.A0

	有毒有害物质或元素					
部件名称	铅	汞	镉	六价铬	多溴联苯	多溴二苯
	(Pb)	(Hg)	(Cd)	(Cr(VI))	(PBB)	醚(PBDE)
印刷电路板	X	0	0	0	0	\bigcirc
及其电子组件	×	0	0	0	0	0
外部信号	×	\bigcirc	0	\bigcirc	\cap	\bigcirc
连接器及线材	~	0	0	0	0	\bigcirc
外壳	0	0	0	0	0	0
中央处理器	×	0	0	0	\cap	\bigcirc
与内存	×	0	0	0	0	0
硬盘	×	0	0	0	0	0
液晶模块	×	×	0	0	0	0
光驱	×	0	0	0	0	0
触控模块	×	0	0	0	0	0
电源	×	0	0	0	0	0
电池	×	0	0	0	0	0

本表格依据 SJ/T 11364 的规定编制。

 ○:表示该有毒有害物质在该部件所有均质材料中的含量均在 GB/T 26572标准规定的限量要求以下。

×:表示该有害物质的某一均质材料超出了GB/T 26572的限量要求,然而该 部件

仍符合欧盟指令2011/65/EU 的规范。

备注:

一、此产品所标示之环保使用期限,系指在一般正常使用状况下。

二、上述部件物质中央处理器、内存、硬盘、光驱、电源为选购品。

三、上述部件物质液晶模块、触控模块仅一体机产品适用。

China RoHS Requirement (EN)

Hazardous and Toxic Materials List

AAEON System

QO4-381 Rev.A0

		Haza	ardous or ⁻	Toxic Materia	als or Elements	5
Component Name	Lead (Pb)	Mercury (Hg)	Cadmium (Cd)	Hexavalent Chromium (Cr(VI))	Polybrominat ed biphenyls (PBBs)	Polybrominat ed diphenyl ethers (PBDEs)
PCB and Components	Х	0	0	0	0	0
Wires & Connectors for Ext.Connections	Х	0	0	0	0	0
Chassis	0	0	0	0	0	0
CPU & RAM	Х	0	0	0	0	0
HDD Drive	Х	0	0	0	0	0
LCD Module	Х	Х	0	0	0	0
Optical Drive	Х	0	0	0	0	0
Touch Control Module	Х	0	0	0	0	0
PSU	Х	0	0	0	0	0
Battery	Х	0	0	0	0	0

This form is prepared in compliance with the provisions of SJ/T 11364.

O: The level of toxic or hazardous materials present in this component and its parts is below the limit specified by GB/T 26572.

X: The level of toxic of hazardous materials present in the component exceed the limits specified by GB/T 26572, but is still in compliance with EU Directive 2011/65/EU (RoHS 2).

Notes:

1. The Environment Friendly Use Period indicated by labelling on this product is applicable only to use under normal conditions.

2. Individual components including the CPU, RAM/memory, HDD, optical drive, and PSU are optional.

3. LCD Module and Touch Control Module only applies to certain products which feature these components.

Table of Contents

Chapter	1 - Product	Specifications	1
1.1	Specific	ations	2
Chapter	2 – Hardwa	re Information	5
2.1	Dimens	ions	6
2.2	I/O Loca	ation	7
2.3	Wireless	s Hardware Setup	10
	2.3.1	Mini Card Installation	10
	2.3.2	SIM Card Installation	12
Chapter	3 – Gateway	/ Setup and Configuration	13
3.1	Connec	ting to System	14
3.2	User Ac	count Management	17
3.3	Networ	k Settings	18
	3.3.1	Check IP Settings:	18
	3.3.2	Set Static IP	19
	3.3.3	Set Dynamic IP	20
3.4	Cellular	Network Settings	21
	3.4.1	Check Cellular Module Status	21
	3.4.2	Dial Up Cellular Module	22
3.5	Wi-Fi ar	nd Bluetooth Network Settings	23
	3.5.1	Scan for Wi-Fi Access Points	23
	3.5.2	Connect to Wi-Fi Access Point	23
	3.5.3	Disconnect from Wi-Fi Access Point	24
	3.5.4	Check Wi-Fi Connection Status	24
	3.5.5	Enter Bluetooth Control Panel	25
	3.5.6	Scan for Bluetooth Device	25
	3.5.7	Pair Bluetooth Device	26

	3.5.8	Check Pared Bluetooth Devices	26
3.6	System I	Management	27
	3.6.1	Check OS Version	27
	3.6.2	Check Storage Status	28
	3.6.3	Shut Down the System	28
	3.6.4	Set Date and Time	29
3.7	I/O Man	agement	30
	3.7.1	Control GPIO (LEDs)	30
	3.7.2	RS-485 2-wire Pin Definition (SRG-3352C)	31
	3.7.3	RS-232/422/485, CAN Bus Pin Definitions (SRG-ACAN)	32
	3.7.3.1	Manage RS-232/422/485 Mode	34
	3.7.3.2	CAN Bus Read/Write	35
	3.7.4	ADC, Digital I/O Pin Definitions (SRG-ADIO)	36
	3.7.4.1	Wiring Diagram	37
	3.7.4.2	Manage Digital I/O	39
	3.7.4.3	Manage Analog Input (4CH Signal End)	40
	3.7.4.4	Manage Analog Input (2CH Differential)	41

Chapter 1

Product Specifications

1.1 Specifications

General	
CPU	ARM Cortex-A8 800 MHz RISC Processor
Memory	DDR3L 1GB
Storage	eMMC 8GB
OS Support Debian 10 (Buster)	
RTC Supported	Yes
Security	TPM 2.0
Interface	
Ethernet Ports	2 x Auto-sensing 10/100/1000 Mbps ports (RJ45
	connector)
USB Ports	2 x USB2.0 (Type A Connector)
Serial Ports	2 x RS485 Terminal Block (optional)
Expansion Ports	1 x Mini PCle Slot
SIM Slot	1 x Micro SIM
SD Slot	1 x microSD
Debug Port	1 x Mini USB
Function Port	Analog Input:
	Type: 2 CH differential or 4 CH single-end
	Input Range: 0~15V, 0~20mA
	Resolution: 16-bit
	Isolated Digital Input:
	Channel: 4
	Voltage Level: ON: 9~24V, OFF: 0~8V
	Isolation Voltage: 2500 Vrms

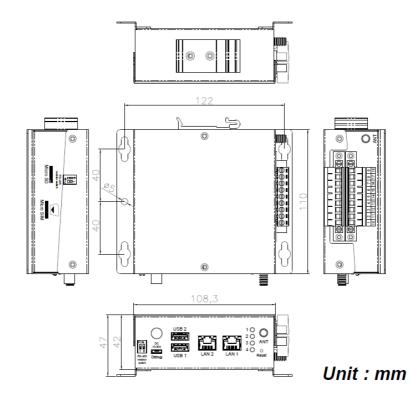
Interface	
Function Port (Continued)	Isolated Digital Output:
	Channel: 4
	Load Voltage: DC 24V
	Max Load Current: 100 mA per channel
	Isolation Voltage: 2500 Vrms
Radio Frequency Interface	
Wi-Fi	
	IEEE Std 802.11b/g/n
Bluetooth	Bluetooth 4.2 and Bluetooth low energy
Physical Characteristics	
Dimensions	4.3" x 4.33" x 1.54" (109mm x 110mm x 39mm)
Weight	430 g
Mounting	DIN-rail mounting,
-	Wall Mount
Environmental	
Operating Temperature	32°F ~ 140°F (0°C ~ 60°C)
Operating Humidity	10% ~ 95% relative humidity, non-condensing
Storage Temperature	-40°F ~ 176°F (-40°C ~ 80°C)
Vibration	2 Grms at IEC 60068-2-64, random wave, 5-500
	Hz, 1 hour per axis (without USB devices attached)
Certification	
EMC	EN 55032/24
EMI	FCC Part 15B Class A

Certification	
EMS	IEC 61000-4-2 ESD: Contact: 4 kV; Air: 8 kV
	IEC 61000-4-3 RS: 80 MHz to 1 GHz: 3 V/m
	IEC 61000-4-4 EFT: Power: 1 kV; Signal: 0.5 kV
	IEC 61000-4-5 Surge: Power: 0.5 kV
	IEC 61000-4-6 CS: 0.15 to 80MHz; 3 Vrms
	IEC 61000-4-8 PFMF: 50Hz/60Hz, 1 A/m
CE Red	EMC: EN301489-1/-17
	RF: EN300328 (Wi-Fi, Bluetooth, 2.4GHz)
	Safety: EN 62368-1
Green Product	RoHS
MTBF	855,890 Hours

Chapter 2

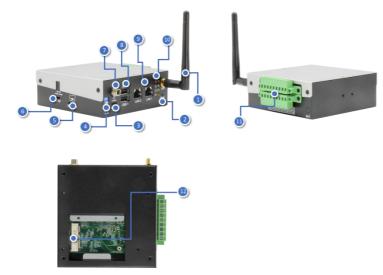
Hardware Information

2.1 Dimensions



Chapter 2 – Hardware Information

2.2 I/O Location



G-ADIC	Position	Function
	1	Antenna Connector
		Supports 2.4G or LTE antennas
	2	Reset Button
		Reboots the system
	3	Debug Port
		User can login into gateway's Linux OS via SSH by debug port
		(Micro-USB port)
	4	RS-485 Terminal Resistor
		Used when there are long distances between the gateway and RS-485
		device.
	5	Micro SIM Slot
		Insert micro SIM card into the slot when using LTE module installed in
		Mini Card slot
	6	microSD Slot
		Increase storage capacity by inserting a microSD card
	7	DC Power Jack
		Gateway supports DC 9~30V input

8 USB2.0 Port

USB2.0 type A connector, supports external USB storage devices

5	Standard R		connect with Lo	cal Area Network (LAN).		
	Correct Yellow					
	LED	Function		Status		
	Yellow	Active Status	ON: LAN link i	s established.		
			OFF: LAN link	is not established.		
			Blinking: Data	received and transmitted.		
	Orange	Link Speed	Green: 10/100			
	/Green	Status	Orange: 1000	Mbps.		
10	LED LED can be controlled or defined by GPIO settings. The control command for LED 1:					
11	Function Port The function port supports ADC, Digital I/O functions					
	Pin	Definition	Pin	Definition		
	Upper Row Lower Row					
	1	DO_VCC+	10	AI_GND		
	2	DO_1	11	AI_4		
	3	DO_VCC-	12	DI_3		
	4	-	13	AI_3		
	5	DO_2	14	DI_2		
	C		15			
	6	-		AI_2		
	6 7 8	 DO_3 DI_4	15 16 17	Al_2 Dl_1 Al_1		

9

DO_4

18

9

Gigabit LAN Port

8

DI_Common

12 Mini Card Slot The Mini PCIe slot can support LTE modules (USB signal).

Chapter 2 – Hardware Information

2.3 Wireless Hardware Setup

The SRG-ADIO features both a SIM Card and Mini Card slot for connecting to wireless networks such as 4G. This section details how to install a SIM Card and 4G/LTE module on the mini card slot.

2.3.1 Mini Card Installation

Step 1. Remove the top cover by removing the 6 screws.



Step 2. Open the antenna hole by removing the cover on the hole located on the left side.



Step 3. Install the RF coaxial cable in the antenna hole.

۲	
	••• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •
	123456789

Step 4. Remove the bottom cover and install the 4G/LTE module in the Mini Card slot, and connect the coaxial cable to the 4G/LTE module.







Step 5.

Place the bottom cover and secure with screws.



Step 6. Place the top cover and secure with screws.

2.3.2 SIM Card Installation

To install a SIM Card (Micro SIM) simply insert the SIM Card into the slot on the side of the system as shown. Take care to make sure the card is oriented correctly.



Chapter 3

Gateway Setup and Configuration

3.1 Connecting to System

When connecting a PC or laptop to the SRG-ADIO system, it is recommended to use PuTTY with Windows 10. Users can download the software from the PuTTY website. https://www.putty.org/

For Windows 7 or older, users must first set up their PC to recognize the system. The following instructions detail how to set up your PC to connect to the SRG-ADIO system by installing the CDC Serial Driver. The CDC Serial Driver can be downloaded from the SRG-ADIO product page on AAEON.com

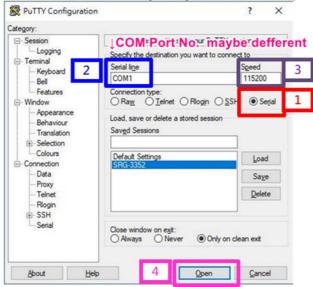
Step 1: Download the PuTTY software.

Step 2: Connect the host PC to the gateway with a USB cable to the Micro USB port.

Step 3: Open Device Manager and locate Multifunction Composite Gadget. Double click on the device. A pop-up should appear, with a notice that the CDC Serial is unrecognized.



Step 4: Open PuTTY and use the following settings to connect to the system.



Serial Port Settings		
Baud Rate	115200 bps	
Parity	None	
Data bits	8	
Stop bits	1	
Flow Control	None	

Click "Open" to connect with the gateway system.

Step 5: You will see the login prompt once the host PC successfully connects to the gateway.



Default login information is:

Username: **aaeon** Password: **aaeon**

3.2 User Account Management

This section details how to manage user accounts on the system.

Add User Account

Command Line:
 \$ sudo useradd -m -G sudo -s /bin/bash USERACCOUNT
 USERACCOUNT -> Account name you want to add
 Return (test3 is the account name in this example):

aaeon@SRG-3352C:~\$ sudo useradd -m -G sudo -s /bin/bash test3 aaeon@SRG-3352C:~\$ **■**

Delete User Account

✓ Command Line:

\$ sudo userdel USERACCOUNT

USERACCOUNT -> Account name you want to delete

✓ Result:

aaeon@SRG-3352C:~\$ sudo userdel test1

3.3 Network Settings

This section details how to check and setup the network settings.

3.3.1 Check IP Settings:

Check the IP setting by entering the following command into Terminal/Command Line:

\$ nmcli con show NETWORKPROFILE

NETWORKPROFILE refers to one of the system's network connections as follows:

NETWORKPROFILE	Port/Hardware		
Ethernet0	LAN1		
Ethernet1	LAN2		
Modem	4G LTE module		

For example, to pull up the IP settings for LAN1, us the following command:

\$ nmcli con show Ethernet0

You should see the following results:

aaeon@SRG-3352C:~\$ nmcli co	on show Ethernet0 grep ipv4
ipv4.method:	auto
ipv4.dns:	
ipv4.dns-search:	
ipv4.dns-options:	
ipv4.dns-priority:	Θ
ipv4.addresses:	192.168.3.127/24
ipv4.gateway:	
ipv4.routes:	
ipv4.route-metric:	-1
<pre>ipv4.route-table:</pre>	0 (unspec)
<pre>ipv4.ignore-auto-routes:</pre>	no
ipv4.ignore-auto-dns:	no
<pre>ipv4.dhcp-client-id:</pre>	
<pre>ipv4.dhcp-timeout:</pre>	0 (default)
<pre>ipv4.dhcp-send-hostname:</pre>	yes
<pre>ipv4.dhcp-hostname:</pre>	
ipv4.dhcp-fqdn:	
<pre>ipv4.never-default:</pre>	no
ipv4.may-fail:	yes
ipv4.dad-timeout:	-1 (default)

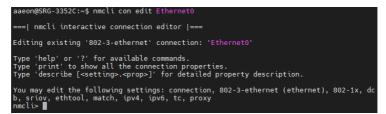
3.3.2 Set Static IP

Step 1: Enter edit mode with the following command:

\$ nmcli con edit NETWORKPROFILE

See table in 3.3.1 for NETWORKPROFILE values

Command should return the following (Ethernet0 used in this example):



Step 2: Edit the IP Address with the following commands:

```
$ nmcli> goto ipv4
$ nmcli> set address IPADDRESS/24
```

IPADDRESS is the address you wish to use. This example uses 192.168.3.127

```
$ nmcli> save
$ nmcli> guit
```

You have now exited the edit mode.

```
$ sudo ifconfig PORT down
$ sudo ifconfig PORT up
```

PORT variables are eth0 for Ethernet0 or eth1 for Ethernet1; this example

uses eth0.

The following will be returned:



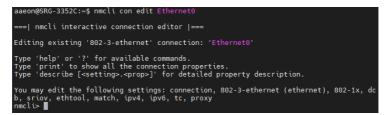
3.3.3 Set Dynamic IP

Step 1: Enter edit mode with the following command:

\$ nmcli con edit NETWORKPROFILE

See table in 3.3.1 for NETWORKPROFILE values

Command should return the following (Ethernet0 used in this example):



Step 2: Edit the IP address with the following commands:

\$ nmcli>	goto i	ov4
\$ nmcli>	remove	address
\$ nmcli>	save	
\$ nmcli>	quit	

You have now exited edit mode

The following should be returned:



3.4 Cellular Network Settings

This section details how to check and manage the cellular network settings.

3.4.1 Check Cellular Module Status

Step 1: To check the status of the cellular module, enter the following command:

\$ mmcli -m 0

The system should output the following:

```
aaeon@SRG-3352C:~$ mmcli -m 0
                           dbus path: /org/freedesktop/ModemManager1/Modem/0
  General
                           device id: 97a2a2d2331bf970dd9c52a85cb7517b2619e6c4
                      manufacturer: QUALCOMM INCORPORATED
model: QUECTEL Mobile Broadband Module
revision: EC2SEFAR06A02M4G
h/w revision: 10000
  Hardware
                           supported: gsm-umts, lte
                       current: gsm-umts, lte
equipment id: 866758041336559
  System
                                device: /sys/devices/platform/ocp/47400000.usb/47401c00.usb/musb-hdrc.1/usb1/1-1/1-1.1
                              drivers: option1, qmi wwan
                               plugin: Quectel
                       primary port: cdc-wdm0
ports: ttyUSB0 (qcdm), ttyUSB2 (at), cdc-wdm0 (qmi), wwan0 (net),
                                             ttyUSB3 (at)
  Status
                                 state: faile
                     failed reason: sim-missing
                       power state: on
                   signal quality: 0% (cached)
  Modes
                           supported: allowed: 2g; preferred: none
                                            allowed: 2g; preferred: none
allowed: 3g; preferred: none
allowed: 4g; preferred: none
                                            allowed: 49; preferred: none
allowed: 29, 39; preferred: 39
allowed: 29, 39; preferred: 29
allowed: 29, 49; preferred: 29
allowed: 29, 49; preferred: 29
allowed: 39, 40; preferred: 39
                                             allowed: 3g, 4g; preferred: 4g
                                            allowed: 2g, 3g, 4g; preferred: 4g
allowed: 2g, 3g, 4g; preferred: 3g
allowed: 2g, 3g, 4g; preferred: 2g
allowed: 2g, 3g, 4g; preferred: 2g
                              current: allowed: any; preferred: none
                           supported: egsm, dcs, utran-1, utran-5, utran-8, eutran-1, eutran-3,
eutran-5, eutran-7, eutran-8, eutran-20, eutran-38, eutran-40,
eutran-41
  Bands
   IΡ
                            supported: ipv4, ipv6, ipv4v6
aaeon@SRG-3352C:~$
```

3.4.2 Dial Up Cellular Module

Step 1: Follow the steps in the previous section to check the cellular module status. The

system should return a state of "registered" under Status if the module is ready to use.

Status 	unlock retries:	registered on	sim-pin2	(3),	sim-puk	(10),	sim-puk2	(10)
i	signal quality:							

If there is an issue, the state will show "failed" along with a failed reason such as "sim missing".

Status	state:	failed
	failed reason:	sim-missing
	power state:	on
	signal quality:	0% (cached)

Step 2: Enable the cellular module with the following command:

```
$ mmcli -m 0 -е
```

System will return the following if successful:

root@SRG-3352C:~# mmcli -m 0 -e successfully enabled the modem

Step 3: Dial up the cellular module with the following command:

```
$ nmcli con up id Modem
```

System will return the following:

```
root@sRc-3352C:-#1 nmcli con up id Modem
Connection successfully activated (D-Bus active path: /org/freedesktop/NetworkManager/ActiveConnection/2)
```

Step 4: You can check the cellular module connection with the command:

```
$ ifconfig
wlan0: flags=4099<UP,BROADCAST,MULTICAST> mtu 1500
ether f2:c7:26:ec:ab:85 txqueuelen 1000 (Ethernet)
RX packets 0 bytes 0 (0.0 B)
RX errors 0 dropped 0 overruns 0 frame 0
TX packets 0 bytes 0 (0.0 B)
Wwan0: flags=4305<UP,POINTOPOINT,RUNNIG,NOARP,MULTICAST> mtu 1500
inet 10.96.28.171 netmask 255.255.258.248 destination 10.96.28.171
unspec 00-00-00-00-00-00-00-00-00-00-00 txqueuelen 1000 (UNSPEC)
RX packets 0 bytes 0 (0.0 B)
TX errors 0 dropped 0 overruns 0 frame 0
TX packets 0 bytes 0 (0.0 B)
TX errors 0 dropped 0 overruns 0 carrier 0 collisions 0
```

3.5 Wi-Fi and Bluetooth Network Settings

This section details how to check and setup Wi-Fi and Bluetooth wireless networks.

3.5.1 Scan for Wi-Fi Access Points

To scan for Wi-Fi access points, enter the following command:

\$ nmcli dev wifi

The system will return a list of Wi-Fi networks with their name, signal strength and

aaeon@SRG-3352C:~\$ nmcli dev witi IN-USE SSID ITY	MODE	CHAN	RATE	SIGNAL	BARS	SECUR
Tomato24						
195 Mbit/s 100 WPA2 TOTOLINK99						
270 Mbit/s 100 WPA2 TOTOLINK N150RA S						
135 Mbit/s 100 WPA2 ASUS						
130 Mbit/s 90 WPA2 TP-LINK_FE7C						
270 Mbit/s 90 WPA2 DIRECT-5WAA-LA11-2122msGN						
130 Mbit/s 89 WPA2 An-WiFi						
65 Mbit/s 89 WPA1 WPA2 dlink-E37D	Infra					
270 Mbit/s 87 WPA1 WPA2 Newton flaming laser sword	Infra					
130 Mbit/s 82 WPA2	T. 6					

3.5.2 Connect to Wi-Fi Access Point

To connect to a Wi-Fi network, enter the following command

\$ nmcli dev wifi connect 'SSID' password 'PASSWORD'

SSID is the name of the network you want to connect to

PASSWORD is the network password for the chosen SSID

The system will show the following if successful:

aaeon@SRG-3352C:~\$ sudo nmcli dev wifi connect 'TOTOLINK99' password 'password ' [sudo] password for aaeon: Device 'wlan0' successfully activated with '64da4185-ebf6-4b1f-acfd-eb36d214cbb5'. aaeon@SRG-3352C:~\$

Chapter 3 – Gateway Setup and Configuration

security type.

3.5.3 Disconnect from Wi-Fi Access Point

To disconnect from a Wi-Fi network, enter the following command:

\$ sudo nmcli con down id 'SSID'

SSID is the name of the network you want to disconnect from

The system will return the following if successful:

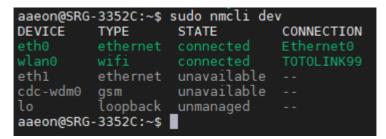
```
aaeon@SRG-3352C:-$ sudo nmcli con down id TOTOLINK99
[sudo] password for aaeon:
Connection 'TOTOLINK99' successfully deactivated (D-Bus active path: /org/freedesktop/NetworkManager/ActiveConnect
ion/2)
aaeon@SRG-3352C:-$ |
```

3.5.4 Check Wi-Fi Connection Status

To check the status of a Wi-Fi connection, enter the following command:

\$ nmcli dev

If connected, the system will return a "connected" status for wlan0:



If disconnected, the system will return "disconnected" status for wlan0

352C:~\$	sudo nmcli dev	
YPE	STATE	CONNECTION
		Ethernet0
352C:~\$		
	(PE thernet ifi thernet sm popback	B52C:~\$ sudo nmcli dev (PE STATE thernet connected ifi disconnected thernet unavailable sm unavailable oopback unmanaged B52C:~\$

3.5.5 Enter Bluetooth Control Panel

Before managing Bluetooth settings, you must first enter the Bluetooth Control Panel

with the following command:

\$ sudo bluetoothctl

The system will return the following:

```
aaeon@SRG-3352C:~$ sudo bluetoothctl
Agent registered
[bluetooth]#
```

3.5.6 Scan for Bluetooth Device

To scan for a Bluetooth Device, enter the following commands:

\$ power on

This command turns on the Bluetooth module

\$ scan on

The system will return a list of devices and their MAC addresses:

```
aaeon@SRG-3352C:~$ sudo bluetoothctl
Agent registered
[bluetooth]# power on
Changing power on succeeded
[bluetooth]# scan on
Discovery started
[CHG] Controller 18:93:D7:01:BB:4E Discovering: yes
[NEW] Device 00:07:32:00:00:44 BLEVS 000044
[NEW] Device 6E:22:7D:C5:6A:87 6E-22-7D-C5-6A-87
[NEW] Device C0:EE:40:70:06:D8 GW6506D8
[NEW] Device 62:59:FE:7F:AC:03 62-59-FE-7F-AC-03
[NEW] Device 6E:09:A9:1F:38:43 6E-09-A9-1F-38-43
[NEW] Device 74:35:40:C9:C4:2C 74-35-40-C9-C4-2C
[NEW] Device 00:07:32:00:00:31 BLEVS 000031
[NEW] Device 00:07:32:71:13:92 SV87711392
[NEW] Device 00:07:32:71:14:40 SV87711440
[NEW] Device 75:C3:03:E2:1F:A4 75-C3-03-E2-1F-A4
[NEW] Device 18:04:ED:6E:5F:39 Uspace-CHTIOT-RD
[NEW] Device 6E:64:FF:00:47:F1 6E-64-FF-00-47-F1
[NEW] Device 00:07:32:71:14:41 SV87711441
[NEW] Device 41:AA:02:91:53:80 41-AA-02-91-53-80
[NEW] Device 71:B2:F4:3C:6F:9F 71-B2-F4-3C-6F-9F
 NEW] Device 7B:D4:9E:89:AB:C1 7B-D4-9E-89-AB-C1
 NEW] Device 00:07:32:A3:45:0D SV87A3450D
```

3.5.7 Pair Bluetooth Device

To pair a Bluetooth Device, enter the following command while in the control panel:

\$ pair MAC_ID

MAC_ID is the MAC address of the device you wish to connect to.

This example is connecting to device E8:6F:38:83:CF:10

```
[bluetooth]# pair E8:6F:38:83:CF:10
Attempting to pair with E8:6F:38:83:CF:10
[CHG] Device E8:6F:38:83:CF:10 Connected: yes
Request confirmation
[agent] Confirm passkey 656573 (yes/no): yes
[CHG] Device E8:6F:38:83:CF:10 ServicesResolved: yes
[CHG] Device E8:6F:38:83:CF:10 Paired: yes
Pairing successful
```

3.5.8 Check Pared Bluetooth Devices

To check which Bluetooth devices are paired with the system, use the command:

\$ paired-devices

The system will return a list of connected devices and their MAC addresses.

[DESKTOP-6E636SN]# paired-devices Device E8:6F:38:83:CF:10 DESKTOP-6E636SN

3.6 System Management

This section details how to check the OS version, storage device status, shutdown the system and set the date and time.

3.6.1 Check OS Version

To check which OS version the system is running, enter the command:

\$ cat /etc/os-release

The system will return the OS information:

aaeon@SRG-3352C:~\$ cat /etc/os-release
PRETTY_NAME="Debian GNU/Linux 10 (buster)"
NAME="Debian GNU/Linux"
VERSION_ID="10"
VERSION="10 (buster)"
VERSION_CODENAME=buster
ID=debian
HOME_URL=" <u>https://www.debian.org/</u> "
SUPPORT_URL=" <u>https://www.debian.org/support</u> "
BUG_REPORT_URL=" <u>https://bugs.debian.org/</u> "
IMAGE_UUID="412c9c76-8f21-4a11-9803-9b9df58ead58"
BUILD_ID="5f5e4a9"
BUILD_DATE="2020/11/25"
VARIANT="SRG-3352x Debian Buster image"
VARIANT_VERSION="1.0-beta"
aaeon@SRG-3352C:~\$

3.6.2 Check Storage Status

To check the status of the system storage, enter the following command:

\$ df -h

The system will return a list of storage devices, capacity and usage

aaeon@SRG-3352C	:~\$ df	-h			
Filesystem	Size	Used	Avail	Use%	Mounted on
udev	471M	Θ	471M	0%	/dev
tmpfs	100M	6.9M	93M	7%	/run
overlay	5.1G	199M	4.6G	5%	1
tmpfs	498M	Θ	498M	0%	/dev/shm
tmpfs	5.0M	Θ	5.0M	0%	/run/lock
tmpfs	498M	Θ	498M	<u>0</u> %	/sys/fs/cgroup
tmpfs	498M	Θ	498M	0%	/var/volatile
/dev/mmcblk1p2	58M	21M	34M	39%	/boot
tmpfs	100M	Θ	100M	<u>0</u> %	/run/user/1000
aaeon@SRG-3352C	:~\$				

3.6.3 Shut Down the System

To force the system to shut down, use following command. Note, you may need to

enter the user password.

\$ sudo shutdown now

On successful shutdown, terminal will return "Error reading from serial device".

```
aaeon@SRG-3352C:~$ shutdown now
Failed to set wall message, ignoring: Interactive authentication required.
Failed to power off system via logind: Interactive authentication required.
Failed to open initctl fifo: Permission denied
Failed to talk to init daemon.
aaeon@SRG-3352C:~$ sudo shutdown now
[sudo] password for aaeon:
aaeon@SRG-3352C:~$
Error reading from serial device
```

3.6.4 Set Date and Time

Step 1: Check current date and time by issuing the following command:

```
$ timedatectl
```

The system will return the current system clock settings

```
aaeon@SRG-3352C:~$ timedatectl

Local time: Thu 2020-11-26 05:22:16 UTC

Universal time: Thu 2020-11-26 05:22:16 UTC

RTC time: Thu 2020-11-26 05:22:17

Time zone: Etc/UTC (UTC, +0000)

System clock synchronized: yes

NTP service: inactive

RTC in local TZ: no

aaeon@SRG-3352C:~$ ■
```

Step 2: Change the date and time by issuing the following command:

\$ date MMDDhhmmYYYY

Command uses the following formatting:

MM – Month

DD – Day

hh – Hour (in 24-hour clock)

mm – Minute

YYYY - Year

The system will return the following:

```
aaeon@SRG-3352C:~$ sudo date 11261400

Thu 26 Nov 2020 02:00:00 PM UTC

aaeon@SRG-3352C:~$ timedatectl

Local time: Thu 2020-11-26 14:00:10 UTC

Universal time: Thu 2020-11-26 14:00:10 UTC

RTC time: Thu 2020-11-26 06:00:51

Time zone: Etc/UTC (UTC, +0000)

System clock synchronized: no

NTP service: inactive

RTC in local TZ: no

aaeon@SRG-3352C:~$ ■
```

3.7 I/O Management

This section details how to operate the programable I/O functions; GPIO and Serial Port connectors.

3.7.1 Control GPIO (LEDs)

To control the GPIO manually, issue the following commands, this example uses led1:

GPIO On:
 \$ echo 1 > /sys/class/leds/srt3352:led1/brightness
 GPIO Off:
 \$ echo 0 > /sys/class/leds/srt3352:led1/brightness

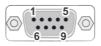
root@SRG-3352C:/home/aaeon# echo 1 > /sys/class/leds/srt3352:led1/brightness root@SRG-3352C:/home/aaeon# echo 0 > /sys/class/leds/srt3352:led1/brightness

Use the following table to reference each LED label for the command:

Number	Label	Picture	Number	Label	Picture
1 Red	led1	1 () 2 () 3 () 4 ()	3 Yellow	led3	1 (1) 2 (1) 3 (1) 4 (1)
2 Green	Led2	1 (*) 2 (•) 3 (*) 4 (*)	4 Orange	led4	1 (0) 2 (0) 3 (0) 4 ()

Note: This feature is only on the SRG-3352C.

Label	System Reference
COM1	/dev/ttyS4
COM2	/dev/ttyS5



Pin	Signal
1	DATA+
2	DATA-
3	
4	
5	
6	
7	
8	
9	

3.7.3 RS-232/422/485, CAN Bus Pin Definitions (SRG-ACAN)

Note: This feature is only on the SRG-ACAN. There are two versions of SRG-ACAN,

which you can verify by checking which interface ports your system has.

SRG-ACAN-A10-0001 has one COM port and one CAN Bus Port.

SRG-ACAN-A10-0002 has two COM ports only.

SRG-ACAN-A10-0001 (COM + CAN Bus)

Label	System Reference
COM1	/dev/ttyMU0
CAN Bus	N/A



Pin	COM1 Signal	CAN Signal
1	DCD	GND
2	RXD	AI_2
3	TXD	Al_4
4	DTR	CAN1_H
5	GND	CAN0_H
6	DSR	Al_1
7	RTS	AI_3
8	CTS	CAN1_L
9	RI	CAN0_L

SRG-ACAN-A10-0002 (2 x COM Ports)

Label	System Reference
COM1	/dev/ttyMU0
COM2	/dev/ttyMU1



Pin	COM1 Signal	COM2 Signal
1	DCD	DCD
2	RXD	RXD
3	TXD	TXD
4	DTR	DTR
5	GND	GND
6	DSR	DSR
7	RTS	RTS
8	CTS	CTS
9	RI	RI

3.7.3.1 Manage RS-232/422/485 Mode

Check Current Mode by entering the following command:

\$ sudo uartmode -p PORTNO				
POR	PORTNO is the label of each port:			
	PORTNO	System Name	Port Label	
	0	/dev/ttyMU0	COM1	
	1	/dev/ttyMU1	COM2	

Example: will return mode for COM1

\$ sudo uartmode −p 0

The command will output a single number. Refer to the table below for each mode:

PORTMODE	COM Mode
0	RS-232
1	RS-485 2-wire
2	RS-422/RS-485 4-wire

Switch Mode: by entering the following command:

\$ sudo uartmode -p PORTNO -m PORTMODE

Refer to the tables above for **PORTNO** and **PORTMODE**

The system will return the following:

```
aaeon@SRG-3352C:~$ sudo uartmode -p 0
We trust you have received the usual lecture from the local System
Administrator. It usually boils down to these three things:
    #1) Respect the privacy of others.
    #2) Think before you type.
    #3) With great power comes great responsibility.
[sudo] password for aaeon:
    1
    aaeon@SRG-3352C:~$ sudo uartmode -p 0 -m 2
    aaeon@SRG-3352C:~$ sudo uartmode -p 0
    2
    aaeon@SRG-3352C:~$
```

To command the CAN Bus to Read or Write, use the following commands:

Initialize CAN Bus:

\$ sudo srg52-initcan CANNO BAUDRATE

CAN Bus Read:

\$ sudo can_read CANNO

CAN Bus Write:

\$ sudo can_write CANNO

CANNO variable is either can0 or can1

CANNO	System Name
can0	can0
can1	can1

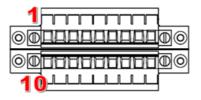
BAUDRATE should be the specific baud rate for the current CAN bus

Example and results:

aaeon@SRG-3352C:~\$ sudo srg52-initcan can1 250000 aaeon@SRG-3352C:~\$ sudo srg52-initcan can0 250000

```
aaeon@SRG-3352C:~$ can_read can1 & can_write can0
[1] 1241
can1 at index 5
can0 at index 4
   can1 123 [8] 11 22 33 44 55 aa bb cc
Wrote 16 bytes
[1]+ Done can read can1
```

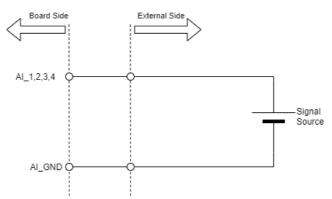
Note: This feature is only on the SRG-ADIO.



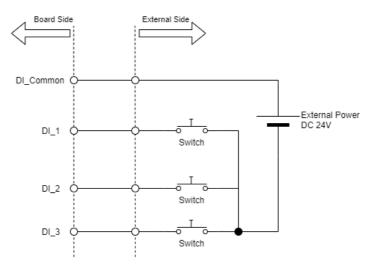
Pin	Definition	Pin	Definition
	Upper Row		Lower Row
1	DO_VCC+	10	AI_GND
2	DO_1	11	Al_4
3	DO_VCC-	12	DI_3
4	NC	13	AI_3
5	DO_2	14	DI_2
6	NC	15	AI_2
7	DO_3-	16	DI_1
8	DI_4	17	AI_1
9	DO_4	18	DI_Common

3.7.4.1 Wiring Diagram

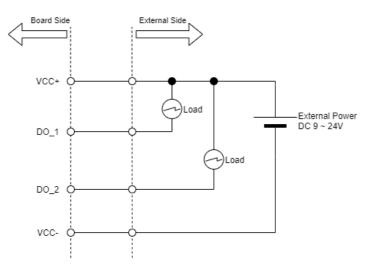
Analog Input:



Digital Input:



Digital Output



3.7.4.2 Manage Digital I/O

Set Digital Output State

Use the following command to set digital output state to ON or OFF

\$ setdo CHANNEL STATE

CHANNEL 0, 1, 2, or 3

STATE set to 1 for ON or 0 for OFF

Example:

```
aaeon@SRG-3352C:~$ setdo
setdo -- set digital output state
Usage: setdo pin stats, pin in [0-3]
, state in [0,1], 0 for lower, 1 for high
```

aaeon@SRG-3352C:~\$ setdo 0 0 aaeon@SRG-3352C:~\$ setdo 0 1 aaeon@SRG-3352C:~\$ setdo 1 0 aaeon@SRG-3352C:~\$ setdo 1 1

Get Digital Input Status

Use the following command to check the status of digital input:

```
$ getdi CHANNEL
```

```
CHANNEL 0, 1, 2, or 3
```

The system will return a value of 1 for ON and 0 for OFF.

	RG-3352C:~\$ getdi - read digital input state
Usage:	getdi pins, pins in [0-3]
will re	turn 0 or 1 for pin state lower/high
	aaeon@SRG-3352C:~\$ getdi 0 0 aaeon@SRG-3352C:~\$ getdi 0 1 aaeon@SRG-3352C:~\$ getdi 1 0 aaeon@SRG-3352C:~\$ getdi 1 1

3.7.4.3 Manage Analog Input (4CH Signal End)

Enter the following command to view status for all channels:

\$ rd_exadc -a Config-CH0 Config-CH1 Config-CH2 Config-CH3

Config-CH# for each channel use the following numerical inputs:

- 0 Voltage
- 1 Current
- -1 Disable (no value will be returned)

For example: The following command will return voltage values for all four

channels:

\$ rd_exadc -a 0 0 0 0

The system will output information based on the inputs you used, as follows:

```
aaeon@SRG-3352C:``$ rd_exadc -a 0 1 -1 0
chmode[]: 0 1 -1 0
Bus open
12C_SLAVE set at address: 0x48
CH_0 = 0.02 V | CH_1 = 0.11 mA | CH_3 = 0.02 V |
aaeon@SRG-3352C:`$ rd_exadc -a 0 0 0 0
chmode[]: 0 0 0 0
Bus open
12C_SLAVE set at address: 0x48
CH_0 = 0.02 V | CH_1 = 0.03 V | CH_2 = 0.02 V | CH_3 = 0.02 V |
^[[Aaaeon@SRG-3352C:`$ rd_exadc -a 1 1 1 1
chmode[]: 1 1 1 1
Bus open
12C_SLAVE set at address: 0x48
CH_0 = 0.09 mA | CH_1 = 0.11 mA | CH_2 = 0.09 mA | CH_3 = 0.09 mA
```

To view status for a specific channel, use the following command:

\$ rd_exadc -c CHANNEL -M MODE

CHANNEL is the channel you wish to check, 0, 1, 2, or 3

MODE enter 0 for voltage, or 1 for current

aaeon@SRG-3352C:~\$ rd_exadc -c 0'-m 0 chmode[]: 0 -1 -1 -1 Bus open 12C_SLAVE set at address: 0x48 CH_0 = 0.02 V | aaeon@SRG-3352C·~\$ □

3.7.4.4 Manage Analog Input (2CH Differential)

To check Group status, use the following command:

\$ rd_exadc -g GROUP -m 0

GROUP enter 0 for group 0 (ch0 and ch1); enter 1 for group 1 (ch2 and ch3)

The system will return the following:

aaeon@SRG-3352C:~\$ rd_exadc -g 0 ·	-m	Θ
groupmode[]: 0 -1		
chmode[]: 0 0 -1 -1		
Bus open		
I2C_SLAVE set at address: 0x48		
CH_0&1 = 12.10 V		