

SEN6x – Datasheet

3rd Generation Environmental Sensor Node for Air Quality Applications



Highlights

- PM, RH&T, VOC, NO_x, CO₂/HCHO sensing platform
- Fast & easy integration
- 10 years dust-free Patented Sheath Flow technology
- Fully calibrated digital output
- One driver for up to 9 data signals
- Integrated compensation algorithms
- Ready for California Title 24¹, RESET®² and WELL Building Standard™³

The SEN6x sensor module family is an air quality platform that combines critical parameters such as particulate matter, relative humidity, temperature, VOC, NO_x and either CO_2 or formaldehyde, all in one compact package. The modules are a result of Sensirion's extensive experience in environmental sensing and offer the best possible performance for each parameter, a superior lifetime and an unrivaled form factor. The combination of all measurement parameters, together with all relevant algorithms in one device simplifies the integration, streamlines the supply chain, and allows for a fast time to market with the best performance.

Product Overview

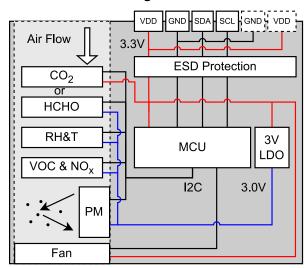
Product Variant	Sensor Signals
SEN60	PM
SEN63C	PM, RH & T, CO ₂
SEN65	PM, RH & T, VOC, NO _x
SEN66	PM, RH & T, VOC, NO _x , CO ₂
SEN68	PM, RH & T, VOC, NO _x , HCHO

See full product list on page 42



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Functional Block Diagram



¹ 2022 California Building Energy Efficiency Standards for Residential and Nonresidential Buildings

² RESET Air Standard v2.0

³ WELL v2 pilot, Q4 2022



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1 Disclaimer

This is a preliminary datasheet; all specifications are to be understood as target specifications and can change without notice.

2 Environmental Sensor Node Specifications

For section **2.1** to **2.6**, default conditions of continuous measurement-mode, 25 °C, 50 %RH (relative humidity), 1013 mbar, and 3.3 V supply voltage apply, unless stated otherwise.

Different products within the SEN6x family offer different sensing capabilities. Specifications in the following only apply if the parameter is present in the selected product.

2.1 Sensor Module Specifications

Applies to: SEN60, SEN63C, SEN65, SEN66, SEN68

Parameter	Conditions	Value	Units
Sampling interval	-	1 ± 0.03	S
Sensor startup time (Time after power-on until I2C communication can be started)	-	100	ms
Lifetime ⁴	24 h/day operation ⁵	> 10 ⁶	years
Acoustic emission level	0.2 m	< 24	dB(A)
Long term acoustic emission level drift	0.2 m	+0.5	dB(A) / year
Weight	-	20 ± 10 %	g

Table 1. Sensor Module Specifications

⁴ Lifetime is based on mean-time-to-failure (MTTF) calculation. Lifetime might vary depending on different operating conditions. For more details refer to "Sensor Specification Statement – Rev.2" [4]

⁵ For an indoor air quality mission profile

⁶ Excluding formaldehyde specifications, formaldehyde lifetime limited to > 6 years



2.2 Particulate Matter Specifications

Applies to: SEN60, SEN63C, SEN65, SEN66, SEN68

Parameter	Со	nditions	Value	Units
Mass concentration specified range		-	0 to 1'000	μg/m³
	F	PM1.0	0.3 to 1.0	μm
Mass consentration size range	F	PM2.5	0.3 to 2.5	μm
Mass concentration size range		PM4	0.3 to 4.0	μm
	I	PM10	0.3 to 10.0	μm
Mass concentration precision ^{7,10} for PM1	0 to 1	100 μg/m³	±5 μg/m³ .	AND 5 % m.v.
and PM2.5 ⁸	100 to	1000 μg/m³	±10	% m.v.
Mass concentration precision ^{7,10} for PM4,	0 to 1	100 μg/m³	±25	μg/m³
PM10 ⁹	100 to	1000 μg/m³	±25	% m.v.
Maximum long-term mass concentration	0 to 1	100 μg/m³	±1.25	μg/m³ / year
precision limit drift ¹⁰	100 to	1000 μg/m³	±1.25	% m.v. / year
Typical start-up time ¹¹		-	30	S
Sensor output characteristics	PM2.5 mass concentration		Calibrated to TSI DustTrak™ DRX 853 Ambient Mode	
Additional T-dependent mass precision limit drift ¹⁰	temperature difference to typ. 25°C		±0.5	% m.v. / °C
Laser wavelength (IEC 60825-1:2014 and DIN EN 60825-1:2022 Class 1)		typ.	850	nm

Table 2. Particulate matter sensor specifications. '% m.v.' means '% of measured value'.

2.2.1 Laser Safety

This product contains a Class 3R laser source. With its housing, it is a laser class 1 product according to IEC 60825-1:2014 and DIN EN 60825-1:2022. Do not open for servicing.

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⁷ Also referred to as "between-parts variation" or "device-to-device variation".

⁸ Verification Aerosol for PM2.5 is a 3% atomized KCl solution. Deviation to reference instrument is verified in end-tests for every sensor after calibration.

⁹ PM4 and PM10 output values are calculated based on distribution profile of all measured particles.

¹⁰ For more details refer to "Sensirion Environmental Node Sensor Specification Statement – Rev.2" [4]

¹¹ Time after starting continuous measurement-mode, until a stable measurement is obtained.



2.3 Temperature and Humidity Specifications

Applies to: SEN63C, SEN65, SEN66, SEN68

Dayamatay	Candikiana		I Indian			
Parameter	Conditions	Min	Тур.	Max	Units	
Compensated outputs 13			Temperat	ure	°C	
Compensated outputs ¹³	-	Relative Humidity			%RH	
Accuracy temperature	@ 15-30 °C, 50 %RH		±0.45	±0.7	°C	
Repeatability temperature	@ 25 °C, 50 %RH		0.1		°C	
Response time temperature ¹⁴	@ 25 °C, 50 %RH, τ _{63%}		<60		S	
Accuracy relative humidity	@ 25 °C, 30-70 %RH		±4.5	±6	%RH	
Repeatability relative humidity	@ 25 °C, 50 %RH		±1		%RH	
Response time relative humidity ¹⁵	@ 25 °C, 50 %RH, τ _{63%}		<20		S	

Table 3. Temperature and humidity specifications

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¹² For the definition of the typical and max. accuracy tolerance, please refer to the document "Sensirion Humidity Sensor Specification Statement" [5].

¹³ Self-heating of the module is compensated according to the application note "Temperature Acceleration and Compensation Instructions for SEN6x" [2].

 $^{^{14}}$ For a step from 15°C to 25°C, for a bare module with default acceleration and offset parameters

¹⁵ For a step from 75%RH to 25%RH, for a bare module with default acceleration and offset parameters.



2.4 VOC and NO_x Specifications

Applies to: SEN65, SEN66, SEN68

Parameter	Comments		V	alues		Units	
Parameter			Min.	Typ. ¹⁶	Max.	Units	
Output signals	VOC Index		1	_	500	VOC Index points	
Output signals	NOx Index		1	-	500	NOx Index points	
	VOC Index ¹⁷		_	<±15	_	VOC Index points or % VOC Index m.v.	
Device-to-device				<±15		(the larger)	
variation	NOx Index ¹⁷		_	<±50	_	NOx Index points or	
	NOX IIIdex			<±50		% NOx Index m.v. (the larger)	
	VOC Index ¹⁷		-	<±5	_	VOC Index points or % VOC Index m.v.	
Repeatability						(the larger)	
	NOx Index ¹⁷		_	<±10	<±10 _	NOx Index points or	
				<±10		% NOx Index m.v. (the larger)	
	Changing concentration	τ ₆₃	-	<10	_	S	
Response time	from 5 to 10 ppm of ethanol, at sampling interval of 1 s		_	<30	-	s	
Switch-on	Time until reliably detecting events ¹⁸		-	<60	_	S	
behavior	Time until specifications in	this	VOC Index	<1		h	
	table are met		NOx Index	<6	_	h	

Table 4. VOC and NO_x sensing specifications in zero air (considered as clean air for indoor air quality applications). All concentrations refer to ethanol as test gas.

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 $^{^{16}}$ 95% of the sensors will be within the typical tolerance corresponding to 2σ assuming a normal distribution for ≥100 sensors.

¹⁷ Evaluated using the calibration and test sequence according to the application note "SGP40 – Quick Testing Guide" [6].

 $^{^{18}}$ Signal change during 60s event of 5'000 to 10'000 ppb of ethanol or of 100 to 300 ppb of NO₂ is three times larger than raw signals drift, without this event during the same duration.



2.5 CO₂ Specifications

2.5.1 CO₂ Specifications – SEN66

Applies to: SEN66 only

Parameter	Conditions	Value	Units
CO ₂ output range ¹⁹	-	0 to 40'000	ppm
	400 ppm to 1'000 ppm	±(50 + 2.5 % of reading)	ppm
CO ₂ measurement accuracy ²⁰	1'001 ppm to 2'000 ppm	±(50 + 3 % of reading)	ppm
	2'001 ppm to 5'000 ppm	±(40 + 5 % of reading)	ppm
Repeatability	typ.	±10	ppm
Response time ²¹	τ _{63%} , typical, step change 400 – 2'000 ppm	60	S
Additional accuracy drift per year, starting after five years ²²	400 to 5000 ppm, typ.	±(5 + 0.5 % of reading)	ppm

Table 5. CO₂ specifications

2.5.2 CO₂ Specifications - SEN63C

Applies to: SEN63C only

Parameter	Conditions	Value	Units
CO ₂ output range	-	0 to 32'000	ppm
CO ₂ measurement accuracy ²³	400 ppm to 5'000 ppm	±(100 + 10 % of reading)	ppm
Response time ²⁴	τ _{63%} , typ.	20	S

Table 6. CO₂ specifications

 $^{^{19}}$ Exposure to CO2 concentrations smaller than 400 ppm can affect the accuracy of the sensor with ASC enabled.

 $^{^{20}}$ Deviation from a high-precision reference with gas mixtures having a $\pm 2\%$ tolerance. Rough handling, shipping and long-term drift can impact sensor accuracy. Accuracy can be restored by performing forced recalibration (FRC) or maintained by sensor operation with automatic self-calibration (ASC) enabled using default parameters and weekly exposure to air with CO2 concentrations at 400 ppm.

²¹ Response time depends on design-in and environment of the sensor in the final application.

²² Deviation is additional to standard accuracy specifications and obtained either after performing FRC or in continuous sensor operation with ASC enabled using default parameters and weekly exposure to air with CO2 concentrations at 400 ppm. Maximum additional accuracy drift per year starting after five years estimated from stress tests is \pm (5 ppm + 2% of reading). Stronger drift may occur if the sensor is not handled according to its handling instructions.

²³ Accuracy is achieved after initial operation for 12h, followed by exposure to fresh air.

²⁴ Time for achieving 63% of a step change from 2000-400 ppm when operating the SEN63C in measurement mode. Response time depends on design-in and environment of the sensor in the final application.



2.6 Formaldehyde Specifications

Applies to: SEN68

Parameter	Conditions	Value	Units
Formaldehyde concentration measurement range	-	0 to 1000	ppb
Typical Accuracy	0 to 200 ppb HCHO in clean air	±20 ppb or ±20% of measured value, whichever is larger	-
Accuracy in VOC background	100 ppb HCHO in background of 5 ppm of ethanol	+35 to -20	ppb
Cross-sensitivity to ethanol	Tested in 5 ppm ethanol	≤0.3	%
Resolution	-	0.1	ppb
Start-up time	Time until sensor output is within specifications	≤5	min
Lifetime	Standard conditions as defined in section 2	≥6	years

Table 7. Formaldehyde specifications



2.7 Recommended and Absolute Maximum and Minimum Operating and Storage Conditions

The SEN6x family contains different sensing components with different operating and storage ranges. Make sure to select the appropriate table for the selected product.

2.7.1 SEN60

Table 8 and **Figure 1** show the recommended operating and storage conditions in which all the sensing components of the SEN60 show the best performance, as well as absolute maximum/minimum conditions which must not be exceeded.

Exposure to conditions outside the recommended range may temporarily reduce sensor performance (PM precision). Exposure to conditions outside the absolute maximum/minimum range may lead to permanent damage to the device.

The sensor must not be exposed towards condensing conditions at any time.

Condition	Parameter	Recommended		Ma	Short-Term aximum/Minimum ²⁵	Unit	
		Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.		
Operating conditions	Temperature	10	40	-10	60	°C	
	Relative humidity	20	80	0	95 (non-condensing)	% RH	
Ct	Temperature	10	30	-40	70	°C	
Storage conditions	Relative Humidity	20	60	0	95 (non-condensing)	% RH	

Table 8. Recommended and absolute maximum/minimum operating and storage conditions for the SEN60

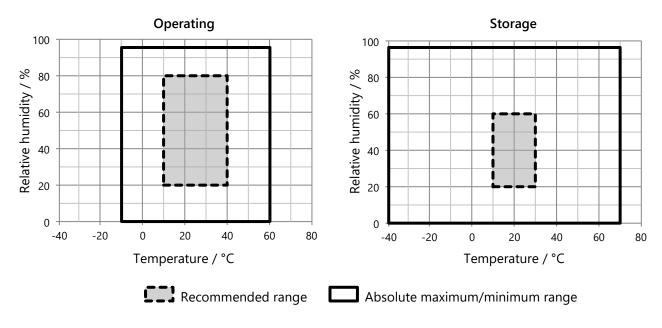


Figure 1. Recommended and absolute maximum/minimum operating and storage conditions for the SEN60

²⁵ Short-term storage refers to temporary conditions, e.g., transport.



2.7.2 SEN63C, SEN65 and SEN66

Table 9 and Figure 2 show the recommended operating and storage conditions in which all the sensing components of the SEN63C, SEN65 and SEN66 show the best performance, as well as absolute maximum/minimum conditions which must not be exceeded. Gas sensing specifications are guaranteed only when the SEN63C, SEN65 and SEN66 are operated and stored under the recommended conditions given in Table 9 and Figure 2.

Exposure to conditions outside the recommended range may temporarily reduce sensor performance (reversible RH drift, reduced RH, T, VOC, NO_x, CO₂, PM precision). Exposure to conditions outside the absolute maximum/minimum range may lead to permanently reduced sensor performance (VOC and NO_x sensitivity drift) or cause permanent damage to the device.

The sensor must not be exposed towards condensing conditions at any time.

Condition	Parameter	Recommended		Term-	Unit	
		Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	
Operating conditions	Temperature	10	40	-10	50	°C
	Relative humidity	20	80	0	90 (non-condensing)	% RH
Chamana and distance	Temperature	10	30	-40	70	°C
Storage conditions	Relative Humidity	20	60	0	80 (non-condensing)	% RH

Table 9. Recommended and absolute maximum/minimum operating and storage conditions for the SEN63C, SEN65 and SEN66

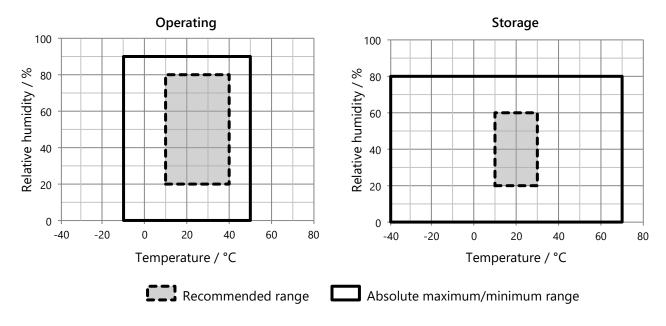


Figure 2. Recommended and absolute maximum/minimum operating and storage conditions for the SEN63, SEN65 and SEN66

²⁶ Short-term storage refers to temporary conditions, e.g., transport.



2.7.3 SEN68

Table 10 and Figure 3 show the recommended operating and storage conditions in which all the sensing components of the SEN68 show the best performance, as well as absolute maximum/minimum conditions which must not be exceeded. Gas sensing specifications are guaranteed only when the SEN68 is operated and stored under the recommended conditions given in Table 10 and Figure 3.

Exposure to conditions outside the recommended range may temporarily reduce sensor performance (reversible RH drift, reduced RH, T, VOC, NO $_x$, HCHO, PM precision). Exposure to conditions outside the absolute maximum/minimum range may lead to permanently reduced sensor performance (VOC, NO $_x$ and HCHO sensitivity drift) or cause permanent damage to the device.

The sensor must not be exposed towards condensing conditions at any time.

Condition	Parameter	Recommended		Ma	Short-Term aximum/Minimum ²⁷	Unit	
		Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.		
	Temperature	10	40	0	50	°C	
Operating conditions	Relative humidity	20	80	15	90 (non-condensing)	% RH	
Chave are non-divisors	Temperature	10	30	-20	70	°C	
Storage conditions	Relative Humidity	30	60	10	80 (non-condensing)	% RH	

Table 10. Recommended and absolute maximum/minimum operating and storage conditions for the SEN68

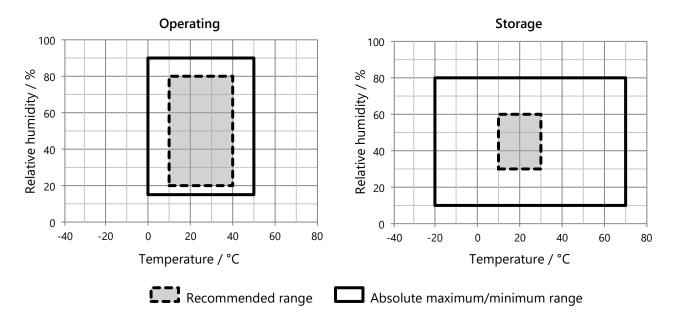


Figure 3. Recommended and absolute maximum/minimum operating and storage conditions for the SEN68

²⁷ Short-term storage refers to temporary conditions, e.g., transport.



Electrical Specifications 3

3.1 **Electrical Characteristics**

Applies to: SEN60, SEN63C, SEN65, SEN66, SEN68

Parameter	Conditions		Min	Тур.	Max	Unit
Supply voltage (V _{DD})	-		3.15 ²⁸	3.3	3.45	V
	≥100 Hz	SEN6x	-	-	100	
Supply voltage peak to peak ripple (V _{DD,pp})	:100 11-	SEN66	-	-	30	mV
(V DD,pp)	<100 Hz	SEN6x	-	-	100	
		SEN60		3.3		
		SEN63C		3.3		
	ldle Mode (first 10 seconds)	SEN65		4.6		
	(mst to seconds)	SEN66		4.6		
		SEN68		4.6		
		SEN60	-	3.3	-	
		SEN63C	-	3.3	-	mA
Average supply current ²⁹	Idle Mode (after first 10 seconds)	SEN65	-	3.3	-	
	(arter first to seconds)	SEN66	-	3.3	-	
		SEN68	-	3.3	-	
	Measurement-Mode (after first 60 seconds)	SEN60	-	75	90	
		SEN63C	-	80	100	
		SEN65	-	80	100	
	mst oo seconds)	SEN66	-	90	110	
		SEN68	-	75	100	
		SEN60	-	130	190	
		SEN63C	-	140	200	
Peak supply current	Measurement mode (pulse width of 2 ms)	SEN65	-	140	200	
	(puise width of 2 ms)	SEN66	-	300	350	
		SEN68	-	140	200	
SDA/SCL pin input high voltage (V _{IH})			0.7*V _{DD}	-	-	
SDA/SCL pin input low voltage (V _{IL})	-		-	-	0.3*V _{DD}	V
SDA pin output low voltage (V _{OH})	-		-	-	0.45	

Table 11. Electrical Specifications at 25°C

²⁸ Minimum voltage including ripples.²⁹ Averaged over 5 seconds



3.2 Absolute Maximum Ratings

Applies to: SEN60, SEN63C, SEN65, SEN66, SEN68

Stress levels beyond those listed in **Table 12** may cause permanent damage to the device. These are stress ratings only and functional operation of the device at these conditions cannot be guaranteed. Exposure to the absolute maximum rating conditions for extended periods may affect the reliability of the device.

Parameter	Min	Max	Unit
Supply voltage VDD	0	3.6	V
I/O pins (SDA, SCL)	-0.3	5.5	V
Max. current on any I/O pin	-20	20	mA

Table 12. Absolute minimum and maximum ratings

3.3 ESD / EMC Ratings

3.3.1 Immunity

Applies to: SEN60, SEN63C, SEN65, SEN66, SEN68

Description	Standard	Rating
Electrostatic Discharge	IEC 61000-4-2	±4 kV contact, ±4 kV air
Power-Frequency Magnetic Field	IEC 61000-4-8	30 A/m, 50 Hz and 60 Hz
Radio-Frequency EM-Field AM-modulated	IEC 61000-4-3	80 MHz – 1000 MHz, 3 V/m, 80% AM @1 kHz
Radio-Frequency EM-Field AM-modulated	IEC 61000-4-3	1.4 GHz – 6 GHz, 3 V/m, 80% AM @1 kHz

Table 13. ESD and EMC immunity

3.3.2 Emission

Applies to: SEN60, SEN63C, SEN65, SEN66, SEN68

Description	Standard	Rating
Emission in SAC for 30MHz to 230MHz	IEC/CISPR 16	40 dB(μV/m) QP @3m
Emission in SAC for 230MHz to 1000MHz	IEC/CISPR 16	47 dB(μV/m) QP @3m

Table 14. EMC emission



4 Hardware Interface Description

Applies to: SEN60, SEN63C, SEN65, SEN66, SEN68

The sensor is equipped with a serial communication interface. In **Table 16**, a description of the pin layout is given.

Part	Description
Connector sensor side	ACES 51451-0060N-001
Connector cable side	Compatible with ACES 51452- 006H0H0-001 (e.g., JST GHR-06V-S)
Cable cross section area	≥AWG26 (≥0.128 mm²)
Cable length	≤50 cm

Table 15. SEN6x physical interface

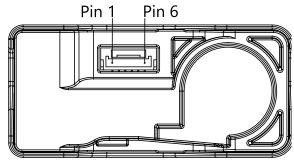


Figure 4. Pin layout. The communication interface connector (ACES 51451-0060N-001) is located at the side of the sensor adjacent to the air outlet.

Pin	Name	Description	Comments
1	VDD	Supply voltage	-
2	GND	Ground	-
3	SDA	Serial data input/output	TTL 5V compatible
4	SCL	Serial clock input	TTL 5V compatible
5	GND	Ground or NC	Pins 2 and 5 are connected internally
6	VDD	Supply voltage or NC	Pins 1 and 6 are connected internally

Table 16. SEN6x pin assignment

4.1 I²C Interface Circuit

Applies to: SEN60, SEN63C, SEN65, SEN66, SEN68

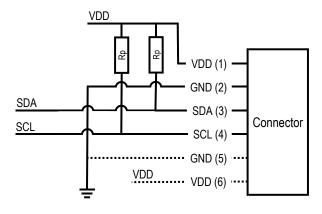


Figure 5. I²C application circuit

Both SCL and SDA lines are open drain I/Os. They must be connected to external pull-up resistors (e.g. Rp = $10 \text{ k}\Omega$).

Some considerations should be made about the use of the I²C interface. I²C was originally designed to connect two chips on a PCB. When the sensor is connected to the main PCB via a cable, particular attention must be paid to electromagnetic interference and crosstalk. Use as short as possible (< 10 cm) and/or well shielded connection cables.

For detailed information on the I²C protocol, refer to NXP I²C-bus specification [1].



5 Digital Interface Description

5.1 Operation Modes

Applies to: SEN60, SEN63C, SEN65, SEN66, SEN68

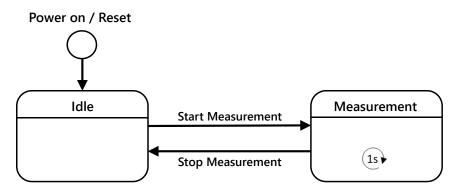


Figure 6. SEN6x operating modes

Idle:

- The module is in Idle Mode after power on or reset.
- Most of the internal electronics switched off /reduced power consumption.
- Fan and laser are switched off.
- The module is ready to receive and process any command.

Measurement:

- All electronics switched on / max. power consumption.
- The measurement is running, and the module is continuously processing measurement data.
- New readings are available every second.

5.2 Temperature Compensation with STAR Engine

Applies to: SEN63C, SEN65, SEN66, SEN68

By default, the temperature and humidity outputs from the sensor are compensated for the modules self-heating. If the module is designed into a device, the temperature compensation might need to be adapted to incorporate the change in thermal coupling and self-heating of other device components. A guide to achieve optimal performance, including references to mechanical design-in examples can be found in the app note "Temperature Acceleration and Compensation Instructions for SEN6x" [2].

5.3 I²C Interface Settings

Applies to: SEN60, SEN63C, SEN65, SEN66, SEN68

Property	SEN60	SEN6x			
I ² C Address	0x6C (7-bit)	0x6B (7-bit)			
Max. Speed	100kbit/s (standard mode)				
Clock stretching	Not used, the sensor NACKS's when busy with processing				

Table 17. I²C interface settings



5.4 Power-Up and Communication Start

Applies to: SEN60, SEN63C, SEN65, SEN66, SEN68

The sensor starts powering-up after reaching the power-up threshold voltage $V_{DD,min}$ and will take up to the maximum of the sensor startup time, specified in **Table 1**, to enter the idle state. Once the idle state has been reached, it is ready to receive commands from the controller. Any incoming command will be acknowledged (address header and all data bytes). After the stop condition, the sensor validates and processes the received data. During this time, the sensor does not acknowledge any I^2C requests (address header will be NACK'd). As soon as the command is fully processed, the I^2C interface becomes ready again. The controller can then either read the result with a read operation or send the next command with a write operation.

The processing time depends on the sent command, see **Table 18**. The specified timings are absolute maximum values. If you want to read the response data or send the next command as soon as possible (i.e. without waiting the maximum specified processing time), you could send the next address header multiple times until the sensor acknowledges it.

5.5 Data Type & Length

Applies to: SEN60, SEN63C, SEN65, SEN66, SEN68

Data sent to and received from the sensor consists of a sequence of 16-bit words, most significant byte (MSB) transmitted first. Each word is succeeded by an 8-bit CRC. See **Figure 7** for more detail. In write direction it is mandatory to transmit the checksum. In read direction it is up to the controller to decide whether to process the checksum.

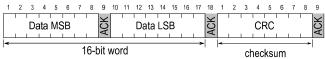


Figure 7. Data type structure with 16-bit word and 8-bit CRC

Please note that the CRC is used only for the 16-bit data packets. The 16-bit command ID itself already contains a 3-bit CRC and therefore no CRC must be appended to it as seen in **Figure 8**. Each command ID is represented by a 4-digit Hex. Code as seen in **Table 18**.

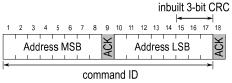


Figure 8. Command ID with inbuilt 3-bit CRC



5.6 Command Sequence Types

The SEN6x features four different I²C command sequence types: write I²C sequences, send I²C command sequence, read I²C sequences and send & fetch I²C sequence. **Figure 9** illustrates how the I²C communication for the different sequence types is built up. For detailed information on the I²C protocol, refer to NXP I²C-bus specification [1].

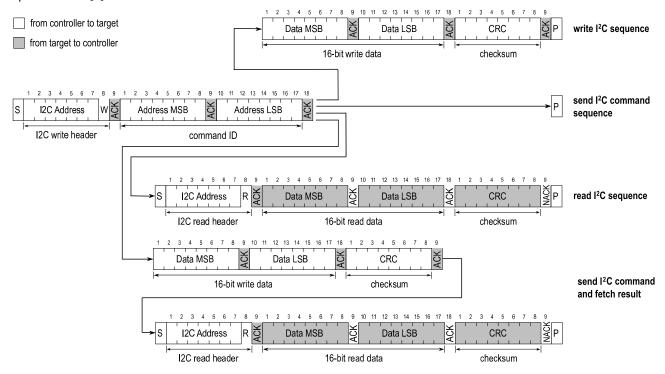


Figure 9. Command sequence types: write sequence, send command sequence, read sequence and send command and fetch result sequence.

After issuing read sequence commands and sending the ACK Bit, the sensor needs the *execution time* (see **Table 18**) to respond to the I²C read header with an ACK bit. Hence, it is required to wait the command execution time before issuing the read header. Commands must not be sent while a previous command is being processed.



5.7 I²C Commands

Applies to: SEN60, SEN63C, SEN65, SEN66, SEN68

Note: SEN60 and SEN68 specific commands will be added in a future update

			Execu	tion	Applicable to				
Comm and ID	Command	I ² C Sequence Type (see Section 5.6)	Time [ms]	During Measur.	SEN60	SEN63C	SEN65	SEN66	SEN68
0x0021	Start Continuous Measurement	send	50	no	-	✓	✓	✓	✓
0x0104	Stop Measurement	send	1100	yes	-	✓	✓	✓	✓
0x0202	Get Data Ready	read	20	yes	-	\	√	✓	✓
0x0300	Read Measured Values SEN66	read	20	yes	-	-	-	✓	1
0x0316	Read Number Concentration Values	read	20	yes	-	✓	√	✓	✓
0x0405	Read Measured Raw Values SEN66	read	20	yes	-	-	-	✓	-
0x5607	Start Fan Cleaning	send	20	no	-	✓	✓	✓	✓
0x60B2	Set Temperature Offset Parameters	write	20	yes	-	✓	✓	✓	✓
0x60D0	Get VOC Algorithm Tuning Parameters	read	20	no	-	-	✓	✓	✓
0x60D0	Set VOC Algorithm Tuning Parameters	write	20	no	-	-	✓	✓	✓
0x60E1	Get NO _x Algorithm Tuning Parameters	read	20	no	-	-	✓	✓	✓
0x60E1	Set NOx Algorithm Tuning Parameters	write	20	no	-	-	✓	✓	✓
0x6100	Set Temperature Acceleration Parameters	write	20	no	-	✓	✓	✓	✓
0x6181	Get VOC Algorithm State	read	20	yes	-	-	✓	✓	✓
0x6181	Set VOC Algorithm State	write	20	yes	-	-	✓	✓	✓
0x6707	Perform Forced CO ₂ Recalibration	send and fetch	500	no	-	✓	-	✓	-
0x6711	Get CO ₂ Sensor Automatic Self Calibration	read	20	no	-	✓	-	✓	-
0x6711	Set CO ₂ Sensor Automatic Self Calibration	write	20	no	-	✓	-	✓	-
0x6720	Get Ambient Pressure	read	20	yes	-	✓	-	✓	-
0x6720	Sets Ambient Pressure	write	20	yes	-	✓	-	✓	-
0x6736	Get Sensor Altitude	read	20	yes	-	✓	-	✓	-
0x6736	Set Sensor Altitude	write	20	yes	-	✓	-	✓	-
0x6765	Activate SHT Heater	send	1300	no	-	✓	✓	✓	✓
0xD014	Get Product Name	read	20	yes	-	✓	✓	✓	✓
0xD033	Get Serial Number	read	20	yes	-	✓	✓	✓	✓
0xD100	Get Version	read	20	yes	-	✓	✓	✓	✓
0xD206	Read Device Status	read	20	yes	-	✓	✓	✓	✓
0xD210	Read And Clear Device Status	read	20	yes	-	✓	✓	✓	✓
0xD304	Device Reset	send	20	yes	-	✓	✓	✓	✓

Table 18. Command overview. The column ('During measurement') indicates whether the command can be executed while a measurement is running.



5.7.1 Start Continuous Measurement

Applies to: SEN63C, SEN65, SEN66, SEN68

Description: Starts a continuous measurement. After starting the measurement, it takes some time (~1.1s) until the first measurement results are available. You could poll with the command **Get Data Ready** to check when the results are ready to read.

This command is only available in idle mode. If the device is already in any measure mode, this command has no effect.

Start Continuous Measurement				
Command ID	0x0021			
Post Processing Time	50 ms			
Max. RX Data With CRC	0 Bytes			
TX Data	None			
RX Data	None			

Table 19. Start continuous measurement I²C command description

5.7.2 Stop Measurement

Applies to: SEN63C, SEN65, SEN66, SEN68

Description: Stops the measurement and returns to idle mode. After sending this command, wait at least 1000 ms before starting a new measurement.

If the device is already in idle mode, this command has no effect.

Stop Measurement				
Command ID	0x0104			
Post Processing Time	1100 ms			
Max. RX Data With CRC	0 Bytes			
TX Data	None			
RX Data	None			

Table 20. Stop measurement I²C command description



5.7.3 Get Data Ready

Applies to: SEN63C, SEN65, SEN66, SEN68

Description: This command can be used to check if new measurement results are ready to read. The data ready flag is automatically reset after reading the measurement values.

Get Data Ready					
Command ID	0x0202				
Read Delay	20 ms				
Post Processing Time	0 ms				
Max. RX Data With CRC	3 Bytes	;			
TX Data	None				
	Byte #		Description		
	0		Padding: uint8		
	0		Padding byte, always 0x00.		
RX Data			Data Ready: bool		
	1		True (0x01) if data is ready, False (0x00) if not. When no		
			measurement is running, False will be returned.		
	2	CRC	CRC for the previous two bytes.		

Table 21. Get data ready I²C command description



5.7.4 Read Measured Values SEN66

Applies to: SEN66

Description: Returns the measured values. The command **Get Data Ready** can be used to check if new data is available since the last read operation. If no new data is available, the previous values will be returned. If no data is available at all (e.g. measurement not running for at least one second), all values will be at their upper limit (0xFFFF for uint16, 0x7FFF for int16).

Read Measured Values SEN66					
Command ID	0x0300				
Read Delay	20 ms				
Post Processing Time	0 ms				
Max. RX Data With CRC	27 Byte	27 Bytes			
TX Data	None	•			
	В	yte#	Description		
	0	MSB	Mass Concentration PM1.0: uint16		
	1	LSB	Value is scaled with factor 10: PM1.0 [μ g/m ³] = value / 10		
	2	CRC	Note: If this value is unknown, 0xFFFF is returned.		
	3	MSB	Mass Concentration PM2.5: uint16		
	4	LSB	Value is scaled with factor 10: PM2.5 [μ g/m ³] = value / 10		
	5	CRC	Note: If this value is unknown, 0xFFFF is returned.		
	6	MSB	Mass Concentration PM4.0: uint16		
	7	LSB	Value is scaled with factor 10: PM4.0 [μ g/m ³] = value / 10		
	8	CRC	Note: If this value is unknown, 0xFFFF is returned.		
	9	MSB	Mass Concentration PM10.0: uint16		
	10	LSB	Value is scaled with factor 10: PM10.0 [μ g/m ³] = value / 10		
	11	CRC	Note: If this value is unknown, 0xFFFF is returned.		
	12	MSB	Ambient Humidity: int16		
	13	LSB	Value is scaled with factor 100: RH [%] = value / 100		
RX Data	14	CRC	Note: If this value is unknown, 0x7FFF is returned.		
	15	MSB	Ambient Temperature: int16		
	16	LSB	Value is scaled with factor 200: T [°C] = value / 200		
	17	CRC	Note: If this value is unknown, 0x7FFF is returned.		
	18	MSB	VOC Index: int16		
	19	LSB	Value is scaled with factor 10: VOC Index = value / 10		
	20	CRC	Note: If this value is unknown, 0x7FFF is returned.		
	21	MSB	NOx Index: int16		
	22	LSB	Value is scaled with factor 10: NOx Index = value / 10 Note: If this value is unknown, 0x7FFF is returned. During the		
			first 1011 seconds after power-on or device reset, this value will		
	23	CRC	be 0x7FFF as well.		
	24	MSB	CO2: uint16		
	25	LSB	CO2 concentration [ppm] Note: If this value is unknown, 0xFFFF is returned. During the first		
	26	CRC	56 seconds after power-on or device reset, this value will be OxFFFF as well.		

Table 22. Read measured values SEN66 I²C command description



5.7.5 Read Number Concentration Values

Applies to: SEN63C, SEN65, SEN66, SEN68

Description: Returns the measured number concentration values. The command **Get Data Ready** can be used to check if new data is available since the last read operation. If no new data is available, the previous values will be returned. If no data is available at all (e.g. measurement not running for at least one second), all values will be at their upper limit (0xFFFF for uint16).

Read Number Concentration Values				
Command ID	0x0316			
Read Delay	20 ms			
Post Processing Time	0 ms			
Max. RX Data With CRC	15 Byte	es		
TX Data				
	B	yte #	Description	
	0	MSB	Number Concentration PM0.5: uint16	
	1	LSB	Value is scaled with factor 10: PM0.5 [particles/cm ³] = value /	
	2	CRC	10 Note: If this value is unknown, 0xFFFF is returned.	
	3	MSB	Number Concentration PM1.0: uint16	
RX Data	4	LSB	Value is scaled with factor 10: PM1.0 [particles/cm ³] = value / 10 Note: If this value is unknown, 0xFFFF is returned.	
	5	CRC		
	6	MSB	Number Concentration PM2.5: uint16	
	7	LSB	Value is scaled with factor 10: PM2.5 [particles/cm 3] = value 4	
	8	CRC	10 Note: If this value is unknown, 0xFFFF is returned.	
	9	MSB	Number Concentration PM4.0: uint16	
	10	LSB	Value is scaled with factor 10: PM4.0 [particles/cm 3] = value /	
	11	CRC	10 Note: If this value is unknown, 0xFFFF is returned.	
	12	MSB	Number Concentration PM10.0: uint16	
	13	LSB	Value is scaled with factor 10: PM10.0 [particles/cm 3] = value /	
	14	CRC	10 Note: If this value is unknown, 0xFFFF is returned.	

Table 23. Read number concentration values I²C command description



5.7.6 Read Measured Raw Values SEN66

Applies to: SEN66

Description: Returns the measured raw values. The command **Get Data Ready** can be used to check if new data is available since the last read operation. If no new data is available, the previous values will be returned. If no data is available at all (e.g. measurement not running for at least one second), all values will be at their upper limit (0xFFFF for uint16, 0x7FFF for int16).

Read Measured Raw Values				
Command ID	0x0405			
Read Delay	20 ms			
Post Processing Time	0 ms			
Max. RX Data With CRC	15 Byte	es		
TX Data	None			
	В	yte #	Description	
	0	MSB	Raw Humidity: int16	
	1	LSB	Value is scaled with factor 100: RH [%] = value / 100	
	2	CRC	Note: If this value is unknown, 0x7FFF is returned.	
	3	MSB	Raw Temperature: int16	
	4	LSB	Value is scaled with factor 200: T [°C] = value / 200	
	5	CRC	Note: If this value is unknown, 0x7FFF is returned.	
	6	MSB	Raw VOC: uint16	
RX Data	7	LSB	Raw measured VOC ticks without scale factor.	
	8	CRC	Note: If this value is unknown, 0xFFFF is returned.	
	9	MSB	Raw NOx: uint16	
	10	LSB	Raw measured NOx ticks without scale factor.	
			Note: If this value is unknown, 0xFFFF is returned. During the	
	11	CRC	first 1011 seconds after power-on or device reset, this value	
			will be 0xFFFF as well.	
_	12	MSB	Raw CO2: uint16	
	13	LSB	Not interpolated CO2 concentration [ppm] updated every five	
			seconds.	
	14	CRC	Note: If this value is unknown, 0xFFFF is returned. During the	
	14 CRC	CINC	first 56 seconds after power-on or device reset, this value will	
			be 0xFFFF as well.	

Table 24. Read measured raw values SEN66 I²C command description

5.7.7 Start Fan Cleaning

Applies to: SEN63C, SEN65, SEN66, SEN68

Description: This command triggers fan cleaning. The fan is set to the maximum speed for 10 seconds and then automatically stopped. This command is only available in idle mode. Wait at least 10s after this command before starting a measurement.

Start Fan Cleaning				
Command ID	0x5607			
Post Processing Time	20 ms			
Max. RX Data With CRC	0 Bytes			
TX Data	None			
RX Data	None			

Table 25. Start fan cleaning I²C command description



5.7.8 Set Temperature Offset Parameters

Applies to: SEN63C, SEN65, SEN66, SEN68

Description: This command allows to compensate temperature effects of the design-in at customer side by applying custom temperature offsets to the ambient temperature. The compensated ambient temperature is calculated as follows:

 $T_Ambient_Compensated = T_Ambient + (slope * T_Ambient) + offset$

Where slope and offset are the values set with this command, smoothed with the specified time constant. All temperatures (T_Ambient_Compensated, T_Ambient and offset) are represented in °C. There are 5 temperature offset slots available that all contribute additively to T_Ambient_Compensated. The default values for the temperature offset parameters are all zero, meaning that T_Ambient_Compensated is equal to T_Ambient by default. The parameters can be changed in any state of the device, i.e. both in idle mode and in measure mode. For more details on how to compensate the temperature on the SEN6x platform, refer to "Temperature Acceleration and Compensation Instructions for SEN6x" [2].

Note: This configuration is volatile, i.e. the parameters will be reverted to their default value of zero after a device reset.

Set Temperature Offset Parameters				
Command ID	0x60B2			
Post Processing Time	20 ms			
Max. RX Data With CRC	0 Bytes			
	Ву	/te #	Description	
	0	MSB	Offset: int16	
	1	LSB	Constant temperature offset scaled with factor 200 (T [°C] =	
	2	CRC	value / 200).	
	3	MSB	Slope: int16	
	4	LSB	Normalized temperature offset slope scaled with factor 10000	
	5	CRC	(applied factor = value / 10000).	
	6		Time Constant: uint16	
TX Data			The time constant determines how fast the new slope and	
	7	LSB	offset will be applied. After the specified value in seconds,	
			63% of the new slope and offset are applied. A time constant	
	8	CRC	of zero means the new values will be applied immediately	
			(within the next measure interval of 1 second).	
	9	MSB	Slot: uint16	
	10	LSB	The temperature offset slot to be modified. Valid values are	
	11	CRC	0 4. If the value is outside this range, the parameters will not be applied.	
RX Data	None			

Table 26. Set temperature offset parameters I²C command description



5.7.9 Get VOC Algorithm Tuning Parameters

Applies to: SEN65, SEN66, SEN68

Description: Gets the parameters to customize the VOC algorithm.

Get VOC Algorithm Tuning	et VOC Algorithm Tuning Parameters				
Command ID	0x60D0				
Read Delay	20 ms	20 ms			
Post Processing Time	0 ms				
Max. RX Data With CRC		18 Bytes			
TX Data	1	None			
	B	yte #	Description		
	0	MSB	Index Offset: int16		
	1	LSB	VOC index representing typical (average) conditions.		
	2	CRC	, , , , , ,		
	3	MSB	Learning Time Offset Hours: int16		
	4	LSB	Time constant to estimate the VOC algorithm offset from the history in hours. Past events will be forgotten after about twice		
	5	CRC	the learning time.		
	6	MSB	Learning Time Gain Hours: int16		
	7	LSB	Time constant to estimate the VOC algorithm gain from the history in hours. Past events will be forgotten after about twice		
RX Data	8	CRC	the learning time.		
	9	MSB	Gating Max Duration Minutes: int16		
	10	LSB	Maximum duration of gating in minutes (freeze of estimator		
	11	CRC	during high VOC index signal). Zero disables the gating.		
	12	MSB	Std Initial: int16		
	13	LSB	Initial estimate for standard deviation. Lower value boosts		
	14	CRC	events during initial learning period but may result in larger device-to-device variations.		
	15	MSB	Gain Factor: int16		
	16	LSB	Gain Factor: 11116 Gain factor to amplify or to attenuate the VOC index output.		
	17	CRC	Can factor to ampiny or to attenuate the voc index output.		

Table 27. Get VOC algorithm tuning parameters I²C command description



5.7.10 Set VOC Algorithm Tuning Parameters

Applies to: SEN65, SEN66, SEN68

Description: Sets the parameters to customize the VOC algorithm. This command is available only in idle mode. In measure mode, this command has no effect. In addition, it has no effect if at least one parameter is outside the specified range.

This configuration is volatile, i.e. the parameters will be reverted to their default values after a device reset.

Set VOC Algorithm Tuning Parameters				
Command ID	0x60D0	0x60D0		
Post Processing Time	20 ms	20 ms		
Max. RX Data With CRC	0 Bytes			
	В	yte #	Description	
	0	MSB	Index Offset: int16 Range: 1250	
	1	LSB	VOC index representing typical (average) conditions. Allowed	
	2	CRC	values are in range 1250. The default value is 100.	
	3	MSB	Learning Time Offset Hours: int16 Range: 11000 Time constant to estimate the VOC algorithm offset from the	
	4	LSB	history in hours. Past events will be forgotten after about	
TX Data	5	CRC	twice the learning time. Allowed values are in range 11000. The default value is 12 hours.	
	6	MSB	Learning Time Gain Hours: int16 Range: 11000	
	7	LSB	Time constant to estimate the VOC algorithm gain from the history in hours. Past events will be forgotten after about	
	8	CRC	twice the learning time. Allowed values are in range 11000 The default value is 12 hours. Gating Max Duration Minutes: int16 Range: 03000 Maximum duration of gating in minutes (freeze of estimato during high VOC index signal). Set to zero to disable the	
	9	MSB		
	10	LSB		
	11	CRC	gating. Allowed values are in range 03000. The default value is 180 minutes.	
	12	MSB	Std Initial: int16 Range: 105000 Initial estimate for standard deviation. Lower value boosts	
	13	LSB	events during initial learning period but may result in larger	
	14	CRC	device-to-device variations. Allowed values are in range 105000. The default value is 50.	
	15	MSB	Gain Factor: int16 Range: 11000	
	16	LSB	Gain factor to amplify or to attenuate the VOC index output.	
	17	CRC	Allowed values are in range 11000. The default value is 230.	
RX Data	None			

Table 28. Set VOC algorithm tuning parameters I²C command description



5.7.11 Get NO_x Algorithm Tuning Parameters

Applies to: SEN65, SEN66, SEN68

Description: Gets the parameters to customize the NOx algorithm.

Get NOx Algorithm Tuning	1 Tuning Parameters				
Command ID	0x60E1	0x60E1			
Read Delay	20 ms				
Post Processing Time	0 ms	0 ms			
Max. RX Data With CRC	18 Byte	18 Bytes			
TX Data	None				
		Byte # Description			
	0	MSB	Index Offset: int16		
	1	LSB	NOx index representing typical (average) conditions.		
	2	CRC	TVOX mack representing typical (average) conditions.		
RX Data	3	MSB	Learning Time Offset Hours: int16		
	4	LSB	Time constant to estimate the NOx algorithm offset from the history in hours. Past events will be forgotten after about twice		
	5	CRC	the learning time.		
	6	MSB	Learning Time Gain Hours: int16		
	7	LSB	The time constant to estimate the NOx algorithm gain from the history has no impact for NOx. This parameter is still in		
	8	CRC	place for consistency reasons with the VOC tuning parameters command.		
	9	MSB	Gating Max Duration Minutes: int16		
	10	LSB	Maximum duration of gating in minutes (freeze of estimator		
	11	CRC	during high NOx index signal). Zero disables the gating.		
	12	MSB	Std Initial: int16		
	13	LSB	The initial estimate for standard deviation has no impact for NOx. This parameter is still in place for consistency reasons		
	14	CRC	with the VOC tuning parameters command.		
	15	MSB	Coin Fostow int16		
	16	LSB	Gain Factor: int16 Gain factor to amplify or to attenuate the NOx index output.		
	17	CRC	Gain factor to amplify or to attenuate the NOX index output.		

Table 29. Get NO_x algorithm tuning parameters I²C command description



5.7.12 Set NOx Algorithm Tuning Parameters

Applies to: SEN65, SEN66, SEN68

Description: Sets the parameters to customize the NOx algorithm. This command is available only in idle mode. In measure mode, this command has no effect. In addition, it has no effect if at least one parameter is outside the specified range.

This configuration is volatile, i.e. the parameters will be reverted to their default values after a device reset.

Set NOx Algorithm Tuning Parameters				
Command ID	0x60E1			
Post Processing Time	20 ms	20 ms		
Max. RX Data With CRC	0 Bytes	1		
	B	yte #	Description	
	0	MSB	Index Offset: int16 Range: 1250	
	1	LSB	NOx index representing typical (average) conditions. Allowed	
	2	CRC	values are in range 1250. The default value is 1.	
	3	MSB	Learning Time Offset Hours: int16 Range: 11000 Time constant to estimate the NOx algorithm offset from the	
	4	LSB	history in hours. Past events will be forgotten after about	
TX Data	5	CRC	twice the learning time. Allowed values are in range 11000. The default value is 12 hours.	
	6	MSB	Learning Time Gain Hours: int16 Range: 11000	
	7	LSB	The time constant to estimate the NOx algorithm gain from the history has no impact for NOx. This parameter is still in	
	8	CRC	place for consistency reasons with the VOC tuning parameter command. This parameter must always be set to 12 hours. Gating Max Duration Minutes: int16 Range: 03000 Maximum duration of gating in minutes (freeze of estimator during high NOx index signal). Set to zero to disable the	
	9	MSB		
	10	LSB		
	11	CRC	gating. Allowed values are in range 03000. The default value is 720 minutes.	
	12	MSB	Std Initial: int16 Range: 105000 The initial estimate for standard deviation parameter has no	
	13	LSB	impact for NOx. This parameter is still in place for consistency	
	14	CRC	reasons with the VOC tuning parameters command. This parameter must always be set to 50.	
	15	MSB	Gain Factor: int16 Range: 11000	
	16	LSB	Gain factor to amplify or to attenuate the NOx index output.	
	17	CRC	Allowed values are in range 11000. The default value is 230.	
RX Data	None			

Table 30. Set NO_x algorithm tuning parameters I²C command description



5.7.13 Set Temperature Acceleration Parameters

Applies to: SEN63C, SEN65, SEN66, SEN68

Description: This command allows to set custom temperature acceleration parameters of the RH/T engine. Overwrites the default temperature acceleration parameters of the RH/T engine with custom values. The parameters can only be set in idle mode. This configuration is volatile, *i.e.* the parameters will be reverted to their default values after a device reset.

For more details on how to compensate the temperature on the SEN6x platform, refer to "Temperature Acceleration and Compensation Instructions for SEN6x" [2].

Set Temperature Acceleration Parameters						
Command ID	0x6100	0x6100				
Post Processing Time	20 ms					
Max. RX Data With CRC	0 Bytes					
	В	yte #	Description			
	0	MSB	Vintac			
	1	LSB	K: uint16			
	2	CRC	Filter constant K scaled with factor 10 (K = value / 10).			
	3	MSB	Deviate			
	4	LSB	P: uint16 Filter constant D cooled with factor 10 (D - value (10)			
TX Data	5	CRC	Filter constant P scaled with factor 10 (P = value / 10).			
	6	MSB	T1i1.C			
	7	LSB	T1: uint16			
	8	CRC	Time constant T1 scaled with factor 10 (T1 [s] = value / 10).			
	9	MSB	T2in+16			
	10	LSB	T2: uint16			
	11	CRC	Time constant T2 scaled with factor 10 (T2 [s] = value / 10).			
RX Data	None					

Table 31. Set temperature acceleration parameters I²C command description



5.7.14 Get VOC Algorithm State

Applies to: SEN65, SEN66, SEN68

Description: Allows backup of the VOC algorithm state to resume operation after a power cycle or device reset, skipping initial learning phase. By default, the VOC Engine is reset, and the algorithm state is retained if a measurement is stopped and started again. If the VOC algorithm state shall be reset, a device reset, or a power cycle can be executed.

Gets the current VOC algorithm state. This data can be used to restore the state with the **Set VOC Algorithm State** command after a short power cycle or device reset.

This command can be used either in measure mode or in idle mode (which will then return the state at the time when the measurement was stopped). In measure mode, the state can be read each measure interval to always have the latest state available, even in case of a sudden power loss.

Get VOC Algorithm State				
Command ID	0x6181			
Read Delay	20 ms			
Post Processing Time	0 ms			
Max. RX Data With CRC	12 Byte	es		
TX Data	None			
	Byte #		Description	
	0	Byte 0		
	1	Byte 1		
DV Data	2	CRC	Charles by the accuracy of the	
RX Data	•••	•••	State: bytearray<8>	
	9	Byte 6	Current VOC algorithm state.	
	10	Byte 7		
	11	CRC		

Table 32. Get VOC algorithm state I²C command description



5.7.15 Set VOC Algorithm State

Applies to: SEN65, SEN66, SEN68

Description: Allows restoration of the VOC algorithm state to resume operation after a power cycle or device reset, skipping initial learning phase. By default, the VOC Engine is reset, and the algorithm state is retained if a measurement is stopped and started again. If the VOC algorithm state shall be reset, a device reset, or a power cycle can be executed.

Sets the VOC algorithm state previously received with the **Get VOC Algorithm State** command. This command is only available in idle mode and the state will be applied only once when starting the next measurement. In measure mode, this command has no effect.

Set VOC Algorithm State				
Command ID	0x6181			
Post Processing Time	20 ms			
Max. RX Data With CRC	0 Bytes			
	В	yte #	Description	
	0	Byte 0		
	1	Byte 1		
TX Data	2	CRC	State: hytophogy (8)	
IA Dala		•••	State: bytearray<8> VOC algorithm state to restore.	
	9	Byte 6	VOC algorithm state to restore.	
	10	Byte 7		
	11	CRC		
RX Data	None			

Table 33. Set VOC algorithm state I²C command description

5.7.16 Perform Forced CO₂ Recalibration

Applies to: SEN63C, SEN66

Description: Execute the forced recalibration (FRC) of the CO₂ signal. See the datasheet of the SCD4x sensor for details how the forced recalibration shall be used [3].

Note: After power-on wait at least 1000 ms and after stopping a measurement 600 ms before sending this command. This command is not available in measure mode. The recalibration procedure will take about 500 ms to complete, during which time no other functions can be executed.

Perform Forced CO2 Recalibration					
Command ID	0x6707	0x6707			
Read Delay	500 ms				
Post Processing Time	0 ms				
Max. RX Data With CRC	3 Bytes	1			
	Byte #		Description		
TV Data	0	MSB	Target CO Concentration wint 10		
TX Data	1	LSB	Target CO ₂ Concentration: uint16		
	2	CRC	Target CO ₂ concentration [ppm] of the test setup.		
	В	yte #	Description		
	0	MSB	Correction: uint16		
RX Data	1	LSB	Correction value as received from the SCD [ppm CO ₂]. FRC		
	2	CDC	correction [ppm CO ₂] is return value - 0x8000, if the		
		CRC	recalibration has failed this value is 0xFFFF.		

Table 34. Perform forced CO₂ recalibration I²C command description



5.7.17 Get CO₂ Sensor Automatic Self Calibration

Applies to: SEN63C, SEN66

Description: Gets the status of the CO_2 sensor automatic self-calibration (ASC). The CO_2 sensor supports automatic self-calibration (ASC) for long-term stability of the CO_2 output. This feature can be enabled or disabled. By default, it is enabled.

This command is not available in measure mode. This configuration is volatile, i.e. the parameter will be reverted to its default value after a device restart.

Get CO2 Sensor Automatic Self Calibration					
Command ID	0x6711	0x6711			
Read Delay	20 ms				
Post Processing Time	0 ms				
Max. RX Data With CRC	3 Bytes	;			
TX Data	None				
	Byte #		Description		
	0		Padding: uint8		
			Padding byte, always 0x00.		
RX Data	1		Status: bool		
			Is set true (0x01) if the automatic self-calibration is enabled or		
			false (0x00) if the automatic self-calibration is disabled.		
	2	CRC	CRC for the previous two bytes.		

Table 35. Get CO₂ sensor automatic self calibration I²C command description

5.7.18 Set CO₂ Sensor Automatic Self Calibration

Applies to: SEN63C, SEN66

Description: Sets the status of the CO_2 sensor automatic self-calibration (ASC). The CO_2 sensor supports automatic self-calibration (ASC) for long-term stability of the CO_2 output. This feature can be enabled or disabled. By default, it is enabled.

This command is not available in measure mode. This configuration is volatile, i.e. the parameter will be reverted to its default value after a device restart.

Set CO2 Sensor Automatic Self Calibration					
Command ID	0x6711	0x6711			
Post Processing Time	20 ms				
Max. RX Data With CRC	0 Bytes	;			
	Byte #		Description		
	0		Padding: uint8		
			Padding byte, always 0x00.		
TX Data	1		Status: bool		
			Set to true (0x01) to enable or false (0x00) to disable the		
			automatic CO2 measurement self-calibration feature.		
	2	CRC	CRC for the previous two bytes.		
RX Data	None				

Table 36. Set CO₂ sensor automatic self-calibration I²C command description



5.7.19 Get Ambient Pressure

Applies to: SEN63C, SEN66

Description: Gets the ambient pressure value. The ambient pressure can be used for pressure compensation in the CO₂ sensor. This command can be used in any state of the device, i.e. both in idle mode and in measure mode.

Get Ambient Pressure				
Command ID	0x6720	0x6720		
Read Delay	20 ms			
Post Processing Time	0 ms			
Max. RX Data With CRC	3 Bytes			
TX Data	None			
	Byte #		Description	
DV Data	0	MSB	Ambient Pressure: uint16	
RX Data	1	LSB	Currently used ambient pressure [hPa] for pressure	
	2	CRC	compensation.	

Table 37. Get ambient pressure I²C command description

5.7.20 Sets Ambient Pressure

Applies to: SEN63C, SEN66

Description: Sets the ambient pressure value. The ambient pressure can be used for pressure compensation in the CO_2 sensor. Setting an ambient pressure overrides any pressure compensation based on a previously set sensor altitude. Use of this command is recommended for applications experiencing significant ambient pressure changes to ensure CO_2 sensor accuracy. Valid input values are between 700 to 1'200 hPa. The default value is 1013 hPa. This command can be used in any state of the device, i.e. both in idle mode and in measure mode.

This configuration is volatile, i.e. the parameter will be reverted to its default value after a device restart.

Set Ambient Pressure				
Description	Sets ambient pressure value.			
Command ID	0x6720)		
Post Processing Time	20 ms			
Max. RX Data With CRC	0 Bytes			
	Byte #		Description	
TX Data	0	MSB	Ambient Pressure: uint16	
IN Dala	1	LSB	Ambient pressure [hPa] to be used for pressure	
	2	CRC	compensation.	
RX Data	None			

Table 38. Set ambient pressure I²C command description



5.7.21 Get Sensor Altitude

Applies to: SEN63C, SEN66

Description: Gets the current sensor altitude. The sensor altitude can be used for pressure compensation in the CO_2 sensor. Getting the sensor altitude must be done in idle mode. The default sensor altitude value is set to 0 meters above sea level. Valid input values are between 0 and 3000m.

Get Sensor Altitude				
Command ID	0x6736			
Read Delay	20 ms			
Post Processing Time	0 ms			
Max. RX Data With CRC	3 Bytes			
TX Data	None			
	Byte #		Description	
DV Data	0	MSB	Alkituda winta C	
RX Data	1	LSB	Altitude: uint16 Current sensor altitude [m].	
	2	CRC	Current sensor attitude [m].	

Table 39. Get sensor altitude I²C command description

5.7.22 Set Sensor Altitude

Applies to: SEN63C, SEN66

Description: Sets the current sensor altitude. The sensor altitude can be used for pressure compensation in the CO_2 sensor. Setting the sensor altitude must be done in idle mode. The default sensor altitude value is set to 0 meters above sea level. Valid input values are between 0 and 3000m.

This configuration is volatile, i.e. the parameter will be reverted to its default value after a device reset.

Set Sensor Altitude					
Command ID	0x6736	0x6736			
Post Processing Time	20 ms				
Max. RX Data With CRC	0 Bytes				
	Byte #		Description		
TV Data	0	MSB	Altitude: uint16		
TX Data	1	LSB	1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1		
	2	CRC	Sensor altitude [m], valid input between 0 and 3000m.		
RX Data	None				

Table 40. Set sensor altitude I²C command description



5.7.23 Activate SHT Heater

Applies to: SEN63C, SEN65, SEN66, SEN68

Description: This command allows you to use the inbuilt heater in SHT sensor to reverse creep at high humidity. This command activates the SHT sensor heater with 200mW for 1s. The heater is then automatically deactivated again.

This command is only available in idle mode. Wait at least 20s after this command before starting a measurement to get coherent temperature values (heating consequence to disappear).

Activate SHT Heater				
Command ID	0x6765			
Post Processing Time	1300 ms			
Max. RX Data With CRC	0 Bytes			
TX Data	None			
RX Data	None			

Table 41. Activate SHT heater I²C command description

5.7.24 Get Product Name

Applies to: SEN63C, SEN65, SEN66, SEN68

Description: Gets the product name from the device.

Get Product Name			
Command ID	0xD014	4	
Read Delay	20 ms		
Post Processing Time	0 ms		
Max. RX Data With CRC	48 Byte	es	
TX Data	None		
	Byte #		Description
	0	Char 0	
	1	Char 1	
DV Data	2	CRC	Product Name: string<32>
RX Data	•••	•••	Null-terminated ASCII string containing the product name. Up
	45	Char 30	to 32 characters can be read from the device.
	46	Char 31	
	47	CRC	

Table 42. Get product name I²C command description



5.7.25 Get Serial Number

Applies to: SEN63C, SEN65, SEN66, SEN68

Description: Gets the serial number from the device.

Get Serial Number					
Command ID	0xD033	0xD033			
Read Delay	20 ms				
Post Processing Time	0 ms				
Max. RX Data With CRC	48 Byte	es			
TX Data	None				
	Byte #		Description		
	0	Char 0			
	1	Char 1			
DV Data	2	CRC	Serial Number: string<32>		
RX Data	•••		Null-terminated ASCII string containing the serial number. Up		
	45	Char 30	to 32 characters can be read from the device.		
	46	Char 31			
	47	CRC			

Table 43.Get serial number I²C command description



5.7.26 Get Version

Applies to: SEN63C, SEN65, SEN66, SEN68

Description: Gets the version information for the hardware, firmware and communication protocol.

Get Version					
Command ID	0xD100				
Read Delay	20 ms				
Post Processing Time	0 ms				
Max. RX Data With CRC	12 Byte	es			
TX Data	None				
	B	yte #	Description		
	0	_	Firmware Major: uint8		
	0	_	Firmware major version number.		
	1	_	Firmware Minor: uint8		
		_	Firmware minor version number.		
	2	CRC	CRC for the previous two bytes.		
			Firmware Debug: bool		
	3	-	Firmware debug state. If the debug state is set, the firmware is		
			in development.		
	4	_	Hardware Major: uint8		
RX Data			Hardware major version number.		
Tot Data	5	CRC	CRC for the previous two bytes.		
	6	_	Hardware Minor: uint8		
			Hardware minor version number.		
	7	-	Protocol Major: uint8		
	,		Protocol major version number.		
	8	CRC	CRC for the previous two bytes.		
	9	_	Protocol Minor: uint8		
		_	Protocol minor version number.		
	10	_	Padding: uint8		
			Padding byte, ignore this.		
	11	CRC	CRC for the previous two bytes.		

Table 44. Get version I²C command description



5.7.27 Read Device Status

Applies to: SEN63C, SEN65, SEN66, SEN68

Description: Reads the current device status.

Use this command to get detailed information about the device status. The device status is encoded in flags. Each device status flag represents a single bit in a 32-bit integer value. If more than one error is present, the device status register value is the sum of the corresponding flag values. For details about the available flags, refer to the device status flags documentation.

Note: The status flags of type "Error" are sticky, i.e. they are not cleared automatically even if the error condition no longer exists. So, they can only be cleared manually with **Read And Clear Device Status** or with a **Device Reset**. All other flags are not sticky, i.e. they are cleared automatically if the trigger condition disappears.

Read Device Status					
Command ID	0xD206	0xD206			
Read Delay	20 ms				
Post Processing Time	0 ms				
Max. RX Data With CRC	6 Bytes				
TX Data	None				
	Byte #		Description		
	0	MSB			
	1	ı	Davies Status vista 22		
RX Data	2	CRC	Device Status: uint32		
	3	1	Device status (32 flags as an integer value). For details, please		
	4	LSB	refer to the device status flags documentation.		
	5	CRC			

Table 45. Read device status I²C command description

5.7.28 Read And Clear Device Status

Applies to: SEN63C, SEN65, SEN66, SEN68

Description: Reads the current device status (like command Read Device Status) and afterwards clears all flags.

Read And Clear Device Status					
Command ID	0xD210				
Read Delay	20 ms				
Post Processing Time	0 ms				
Max. RX Data With CRC	6 Bytes				
TX Data	None				
	Byte #		Description		
	0	MSB			
RX Data	1	-	Device Status: uint32		
	2	CRC	Device status (32 flags as an integer value) before clearing it.		
	3	1	For details, please refer to the device status flags documentation.		
	4	LSB			
	5	CRC			

Table 46. Read and clear device status I²C command description



5.7.29 Device Reset

Applies to: SEN63C, SEN65, SEN66, SEN68

Description: Executes a reset on the device. This has the same effect as a power cycle.

Device Reset		
Command ID	0xD304	
Post Processing Time	1200 ms	
Max. RX Data With CRC	0 Bytes	
TX Data	None	
RX Data	None	

Table 47. Device reset I²C command description

5.8 Checksum Calculation (CRC)

Applies to: SEN60, SEN63C, SEN65, SEN66, SEN68

The 8-bit CRC checksum transmitted after each data word is generated by a CRC algorithm. Its properties are displayed in **Table 48**. The CRC covers the contents of the two previously transmitted data bytes. To calculate the checksum, only these two previously transmitted data bytes are used. Note that command words are not followed by CRC.

Property	Value	Example code (C/C++)	
Name	CRC-8-Dallas/Maxim	#define CRC8_POLYNOMIAL 0x31 #define CRC8_INIT 0xFF	
Width	8 bits		
Protected Data	read and/or write data	<pre>uint8_t sensirion_generate_crc(const uint8_t* data, uint16_t count) { uint16_t current_byte; uint8_t crc = CRC8_INIT; uint8_t crc_bit; /* calculates 8-Bit checksum with given polynomial */ for (current_byte = 0; current_byte < count; ++current_byte) { crc ^= (data[current_byte]); for (crc_bit = 8; crc_bit > 0;crc_bit) {</pre>	
Polynomial	0x31 (x ⁸ +x ⁵ +x ⁴ +1)		
Initialization	0xFF		
Reflect input	No		
Reflect output	No		
Final XOR	0x00	if (crc & 0x80) crc = (crc << 1) ^ CRC8_POLYNOMIAL;	
Examples	CRC (0xBEEF) = 0x92	else	

Table 48. I²C CRC properties



6 Technical Drawing

6.1 Package Outline

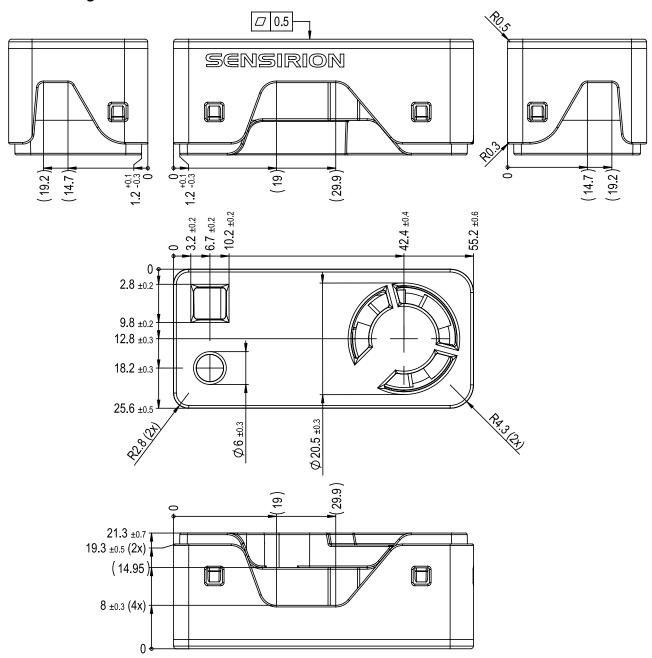


Figure 10. Technical Drawing of the SEN6x platform



6.2 Product Label

All SEN6x sensors include a 22mm x 8mm label as seen in **Figure 11**. For more information on the content, see **Table 49**.

Label Design	Label Content	Description
■評画 SEN6xx — SIN — T 無機能 EEEEEEEE ■常品 FFFFFFF	QR Code	QR code containing the 16-digit HEX serial number
	SEN6xx-SIN-T	Material description as in Table 50
	EEEEEEE	First 8 digits of the 16-digit HEX code
	FFFFFFF	Last 8 digits of the 16-digit HEX code

Table 49. Label information

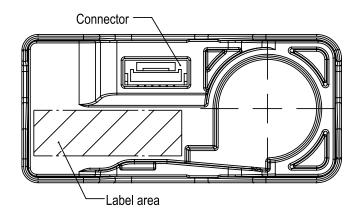


Figure 11. Label position on SEN6x



7 Ordering Information

Material Description	Material Number	Sensor Outputs	Quantity
SEN60-SIN-T	3.001.163	Particulate Matter	420pcs per box, 7 trays, 60pcs per tray
SEN63C-SIN-T	3.001.197	 Particulate Matter Relative Humidity Temperature CO₂ 	420pcs per box, 7 trays, 60pcs per tray
SEN65-SIN-T	3.001.203	 Particulate Matter Relative Humidity Temperature VOC Index NOx Index 	420pcs per box, 7 trays, 60pcs per tray
SEN66-SIN-T	3.001.030	 Particulate Matter Relative Humidity Temperature VOC Index NOx Index CO₂ 	420pcs per box, 7 trays, 60pcs per tray
SEN68-SIN-T	3.001.198	 Particulate Matter Relative Humidity Temperature VOC Index NOx Index Formaldehyde 	420pcs per box, 7 trays, 60pcs per tray

Table 50. Ordering information



8 Bibliography

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9 Revision History

Date	Version	Pages	Changes
March 2023	V0.1	all	Initial version
October 2023	V0.2	all	Update information, switch to 3.3V
July 2024	V0.3	all	Update information, switch to 1x3.3V+-5%
September 2024	V0.4	all	Add ordering information, add technical drawing, add SEN63C
October 2024	V0.5	all	Add Interface description, add label information



Important Notices

Warning, Personal Injury

Do not use this product as safety or emergency stop devices or in any other application where failure of the product could result in personal injury. Do not use this product for applications other than its intended and authorized use. Before installing, handling, using or servicing this product, please consult the data sheet and application notes. Failure to comply with these instructions could result in death or serious injury.

If the Buyer shall purchase or use SENSIRION products for any unintended or unauthorized application, Buyer shall defend, indemnify and hold harmless SENSIRION and its officers, employees, subsidiaries, affiliates and distributors against all claims, costs, damages and expenses, and reasonable attorney fees arising out of, directly or indirectly, any claim of personal injury or death associated with such unintended or unauthorized use, even if SENSIRION shall be allegedly negligent with respect to the design or the manufacture of the product.

ESD Precautions

The inherent design of this component causes it to be sensitive to electrostatic discharge (ESD). To prevent ESD-induced damage and/or degradation, take customary and statutory ESD precautions when handling this product. See application note "ESD, Latchup and EMC" for more information.

Warranty

SENSIRION warrants solely to the original purchaser of this product for a period of 12 months (one year) from the date of delivery that this product shall be of the quality, material and workmanship defined in SENSIRION's published specifications of the product. Within such period, if proven to be defective, SENSIRION shall repair and/or replace this product, in SENSIRION's discretion, free of charge to the Buyer, provided that:

- notice in writing describing the defects shall be given to SENSIRION within fourteen (14) days after their appearance;
- such defects shall be found, to SENSIRION's reasonable satisfaction, to have arisen from SENSIRION's faulty design, material, or workmanship;
- the defective product shall be returned to SENSIRION's factory at the Buyer's expense; and
- · the warranty period for any repaired or replaced product shall be limited to the unexpired portion of the original period.

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